

Empower the World



Air Circuit Breaker

Leading every step, reliable new height



Summary

5 basic frame sizes

For your various requirements, the Air Circuit Breaker NA1 includes 5 basic frame sizes as followed. NA1-

NA1-1000X 200A to 1000A



2000X,NA1-2000XN, NA1-2000XH 630A to 2000A



NA1-3200X,NA1-3200XN,NA1-4000X 2000A to 4000A



NA1-6300X,NA1-6300XN 4000A to 6300A





1. General

1.1 Application scope

NA1 series air circuit breaker is suitable for the circuit of AC 50Hz/60Hz with rated service voltage 400V, 690V and rated service current up to 6300A. It is mainly used to distribute electric energy and protect circuits and electric equipment against over-load, under-voltage, short-circuit and singlephase earthing fault.

With intelligentized and selective protection functions, the breaker can improve the reliability of power supply, and avoid unnecessary power failure. The breaker is applicable for power stations, factories, mines (for 690V) and modern high-buildings, especially for the distribution system of intelligentized building.

1.2 Standard: IEC/EN 60947-2.

2. Operating conditions

2.1 Temperature condition:

-5°C ~40°C; the average value within 24h shall not exceed +35°C (special situation excluded);

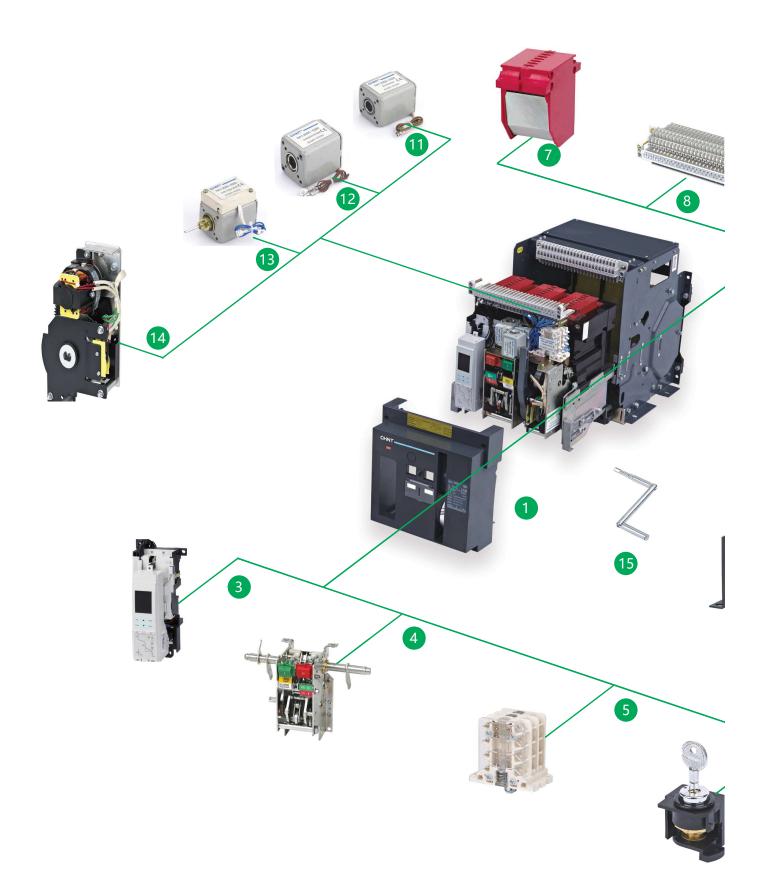
- 2.2 Altitude: ≤ 2000m;
- 2.3 Pollution grade: Grade 3;
- 2.4 Air conditions:

At mounting site, relative humidity not exceed 50% at the max temperature of +40°C, higher relative humidity is allowable under lower temperature, RH could be 90% at $+20^{\circ}$ C, special measures should be taken to occurrence of dews:

2.5 Note: Without the intelligent controller, the breaker functions as a switch-disconnector.

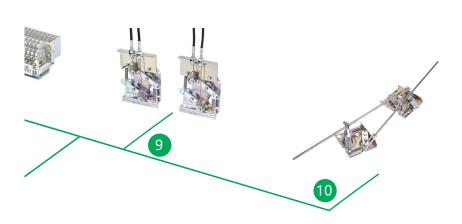
2.6 Type designation				
NA1		Voltage of se AC220V, AC3 AC230V, AC4 DC220V, DC1	00V 110V	
		Wiring of main c H:Horizontal wiri V:Vertical wiring	ing of main circuit	
	F:Fix	de of installation xed type raweout type	:	С
	M:Man	er-driven		
	3:3-pole 4:4-pole	εs.		
	Intelligent cor M: Standard ty 3M:Multifunct 3H: Communi- tated current:	ype ional type		
	Frame size	Rated current		
	rated current			
		200A		
		400A		
	1000A	630A		
		800A		
		1000A 630A		
		800A		
		1000A		
	2000A	1250A		
		1600A		
		2000A		
		2000A		
	3200A	2500A		
		3200A		
	4000A	4000A		
		4000A		
	6300A	5000A		
		6300A		
Break	king capacity:		I	
XN				
хн				
	size rated curre 000,3200,4000,6			
Design seq	uence number			
ACB				
Company code	e			





NA1 | Air Circuit Breaker (P-070)

NA1 Air Circuit Breaker



1	Drawout type	
2	Fixed type	
3	Intelligent controller	
4	Operating mechanism	
5	Auxiliary contact	
6	Locking-device	
7	Arcing chamber	
8	Secondary wiring terminal	
9	Wire-cable mechanical interlock	
10	Connecting-rod type mechanical interlock	
11	Shunt release	
12	Closing electromagnet	
13	Under-voltage release	
14	Motor-driven energy-storage mechanism	
15	Rotary handle	
16	Mounting plate	





2

16



+

3.Structure



Drawer seat





Body Drawout type breaker/switch-disconnector



Mounting plate

Mounting plate for the fixed type breaker/switch-disconnector



=

Mounting plate



4.Main technical parameter

Туре			NA1-1000X									
								_				
		AC400V	42									
Rated ultimate sh	ort circuit breaking capacity (lcu)	AC690V	25									
Rated service sho	ort circuit breaking capacity (lcs)	AC400V	30					_				
Rated Service sho	it circuit breaking capacity (ics)	AC690V	20									
Rated short-time	withstand current (Icw.1s)	AC400V	30									
	withstand carrent (iew.15)	AC690V	20									
Rated current In	(A)		200	400	630	800	1000					
Number of poles			3, 4									
Rated voltage U			AC 400, AC 69	0								
Rated insulation v	voltage Ui (V)		800									
Rated current of I	N-pole In (A)		100%ln									
Intelligent	Standard type (M)				•							
controller	Communication type (H)		•		•	•	•					
Onemtion	Electric life		AC 400V:6500,	, AC 690V:3000								
Operation performance	Mechanical life	Non-maintenance 15,000										
	Mechanical me			Maintenance 30,000								
Connection patte	rn	Horizontal, Ve	rtical									
Total breaking tin	ne (no additional delay time) (ms)	≤ 28										
Closing time(ms)		≤ 50										
Arcing distance(m	าm)		0									

P-073) Air Circuit Breaker | NA1

Туре			NA1-2000X		I	NA1-2000XN		NA1-2000XH
		AC400V	80		:	50		65
Rated ultimate short circu	it breaking capacity (Icu)	AC415V	50			40		50
		AC690V	50			40		50
		AC400V	65		:	50		65
Rated service short circuit	breaking capacity (Ics)	AC415V	40			40		40
		AC690V	40			40		40
		AC400V	50		:	50		50
Rated short-time withstan	d (Icw.1s)	AC415V	40			40		40
		AC690V	40			40		40
		AC400V	42			42		42
Rated short-time withstan	d (Icw.3s)	AC415V	42			42		42
Rated current I_n (A)			630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000
Number of poles			3, 4					
Rated voltage Ue (V)			AC400, AC415	, AC690				
Rated insulation voltage L	Ji (V)		1000					
Rated current of N-pole I	, (A)		100%ln					
Intelligent	Standard type (M)		•	•				
controller	Communication type (H)		•	•				
	Electric life		AC400:6500	AC690V:3000				
Operation performance	Mechanical life		Non-maintena Maintenance	ance 15,000 30,000				
Connection pattern	Horizontal, Ve	rtical						
	Total breaking time (no additional delay time) (ms)							
Closing time(ms)			≤ 50					
Arcing distance(mm)			0					

Туре			NA1-3200X		NA1-320	DXN	NA1-4000X				
		AC400V	80		65		80				
Rated ultimate short circuit b	preaking capacity (Icu)	AC415V	65		50		_				
		AC690V	65		50		65				
		AC400V	65		65		65				
Rated service short circuit br	eaking capacity (Ics)	AC415V	65		50		_				
		AC690V	65		50		65	-			
		AC400V	65		65		65				
Rated short-time withstand ((Icw.1s)	AC415V	50		50		_				
		AC690V	50		50		50				
Rated short-time withstand ((low 2c)	AC400V	45		45		_				
Rated short-time withstand ((ICW.35)	AC415V	45		45		_				
Rated current I_n (A)			2000	2500	320	00	4000				
Number of poles			3, 4				3				
Rated voltage Ue (V)			AC400, AC415, AC690								
Rated insulation voltage Ui (V)		1000								
Rated current of N-pole I_n (A	A)		100%ln								
	Standard type (M)		•	•	•		•				
controller	Communication type (H)		•	•	•		•				
Operation	Electric life		AC400V:3000 AC690	/:2000				_			
norformanco	Mechanical life		Non-maintenance 10,000 Maintenance 20,000								
Connection pattern	naction pattern			Horizontal, Vertical							
Total breaking time (no addit	tional dolay time) (ms)		Horizontal, Vertical ≤ 28								
Closing time(ms)			≤ 28 ≤ 50								
Arcing distance(mm)			0								

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Туре
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NA1-6300X

NA1-6300XN

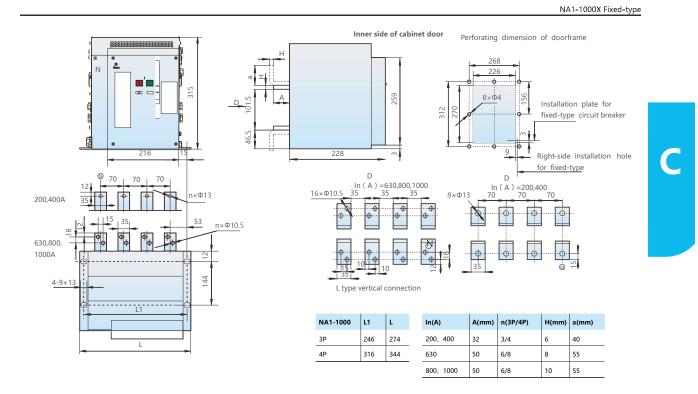


		AC400V	120		100					
Rated ultimate short circuit	breaking capacity (Icu)	AC415V	85		75					
		AC690V	85		75					
		AC400V	100		100					
Rated service short circuit I	breaking capacity (Ics)	AC415V	75		75					
		AC690V	75		75					
		AC400V	100		100					
Rated short-time withstand	l (Icw.1s)	AC415V	75		75					
		AC690V	75		75					
Rated short-time withstand	(low 2s)	AC400V	50		50					
	(ICW.55)	AC415V	50		50					
rated current In (A)			4000	5000		6300				
Number of poles			3, 4			3				
Rated voltage Ue (V)			AC400, AC415, AC690							
Rated insulation voltage Ui	(V)		1000							
Rated current of N-pole In	(A)		50%ln			-				
Intelligent	Standard type (M)		•	•						
controller	Communication type (H)									
	Electric life		AC400V:1500 AC690V:1000							
Operation performance	Mechanical life		Non-maintenance 5000							
performance	Mechanical life		Maintenance 10,000							
Connection pattern			Horizontal, Vertical							
Total breaking time (no add	otal breaking time (no additional delay time) (ms)			≤ 28						
Closing time(ms)			≤ 50							
Arcing distance(mm)			0							

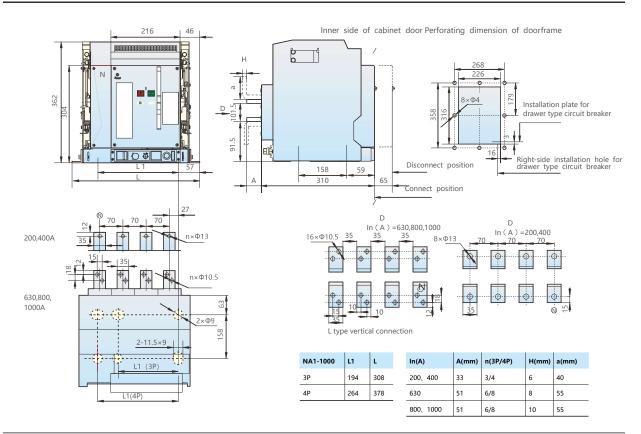
Weight of single product (net weight)

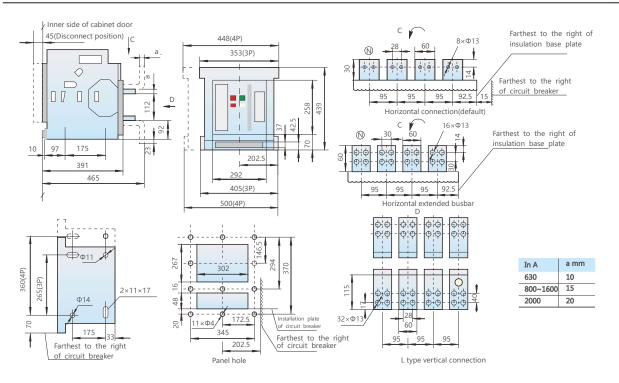
Weight (kg) Model Spec.	NA1-1000X(3P/4P)		-2000X(3/4)		NA1-32	200X(3/4)	NA1-4000X/3	NA1-6300X(3/4)			
Installation method	NAT-1000A(3F/4F)	630	800~1600	2000	2000~2500	3200	1171 40007,5	4000~5000	6300		
Fixed type	21/25	44/53	45/54	46/55	57/69	59/72	91	-/-	-/-		
Drawer type	38/45	67/82	73/85	75/90	96/118	106/130	135	201/233	235/-		

5. Dimensions and connection

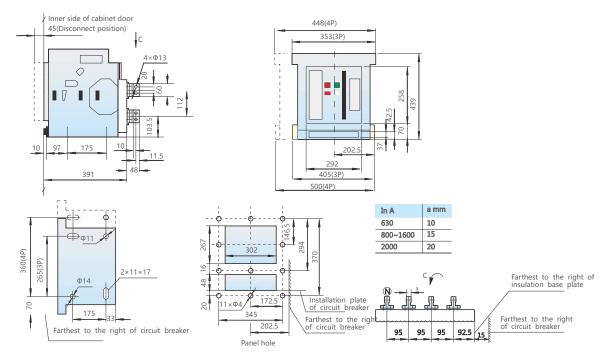


NA1-1000X Drawout-type



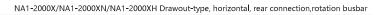


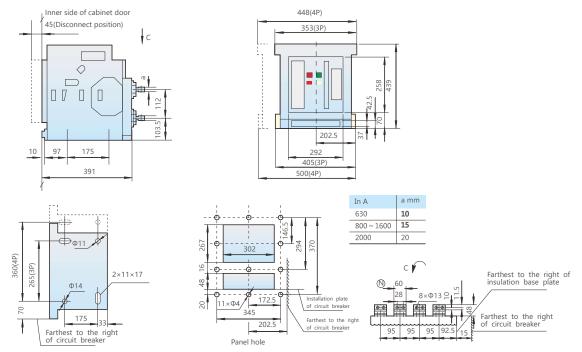
NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH Drawout-type,vertical,rear connection,rotation busbar



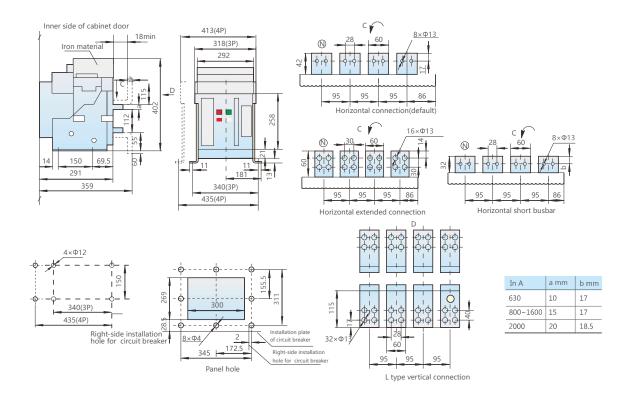
User only needs to rotate the busbar for 90° to change from vertical connection to horizontal connection onsite.

NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH Drawout-type





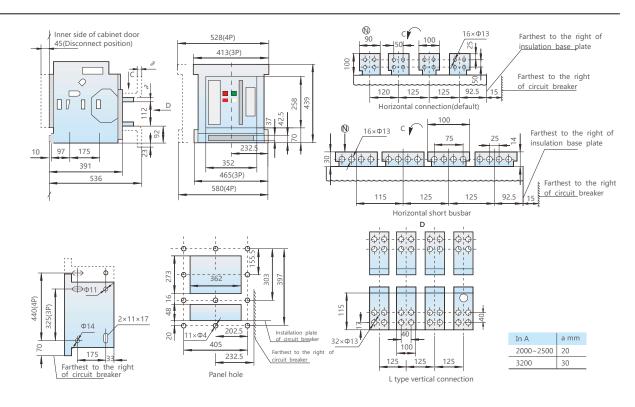
User only needs to rotate the busbar for 90° to change from horizontal connection to vertical connection onsite.



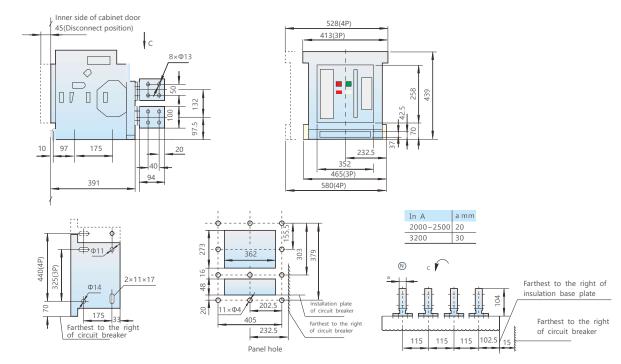
NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH Fixed-type

C

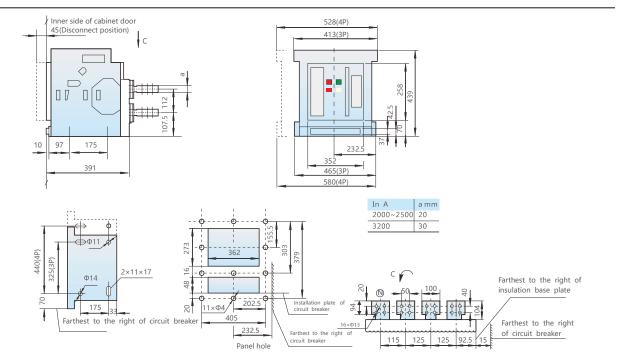
NA1-3200x/NA1-3200xN Drawout-type



NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN Drawout-type,vertical,rear connection,rotation busbar

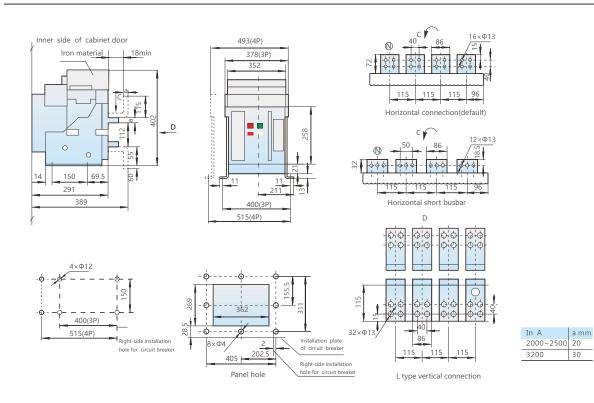


Note: In order to change vertical connection to horizontal connection onsite, user needs to change the upper and lower busbars of phase B so they are different from those of phase A and phase C.



NA1-3200x/NA1-3200xN Drawout-type, horizontal, rear connection, rotation busbar

Note: In order to change horizontal connection to vertical connection onsite, user needs to change the upper and lower busbars of phase B so they are different from those of phase A and phase C.

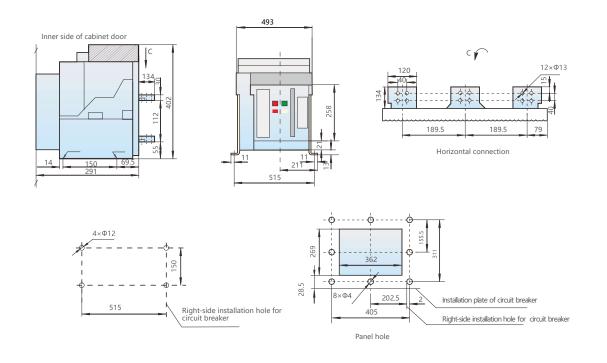


NA1-3200X/NA1-3200xN Fixed-type

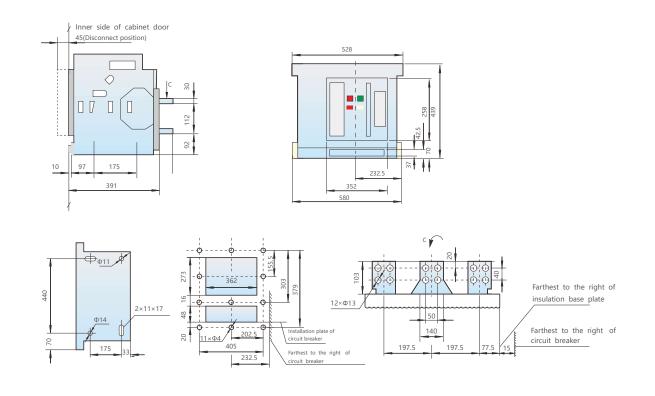
C



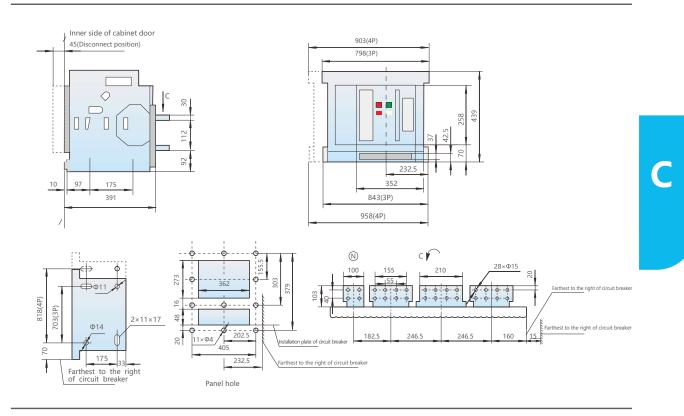
NA1-4000X Fixed-type (3P)



NA1-4000X Drawout-type (3P)

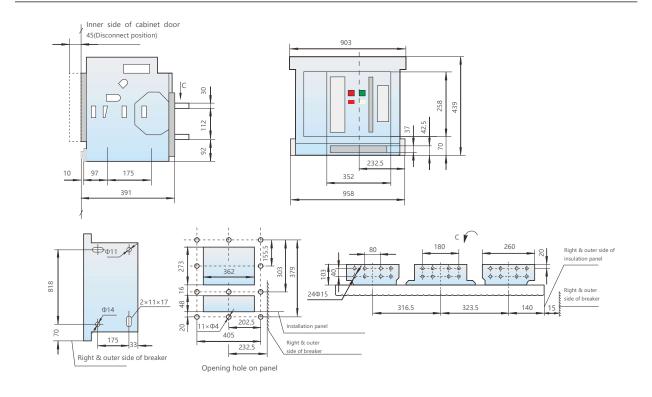


NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN (In=4000A,5000A) Drawout-type



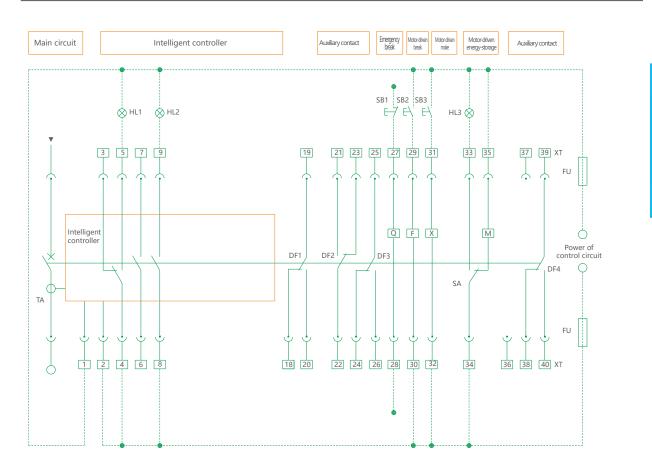


NA1-6300**X**/NA1-6300**X**N (In=6300A) Drawout-type (3P)



6.Secondary circuit wiring

6.1 NA1-1000X



- HL1: Failure indicator HL2: Close indicator HL3: Energy storage indicator SB1: Under-voltage button SB2: Shunt button SB3: Close button Q: Under-voltage release F: Shunt release X: Close electromagnet M: Energy storage motor DF1-DF4: Auxiliary switch 1[#], 2[#]: Auxiliary power input 3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal, contact capacity AC230V,5A 6[#],7[#]: To be connected with current transformer(selective)
- 8[#],9[#]: Making indicator (capacity AC400V,1A)
- 27[#],28[#]: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit) 29[#],30[#]: Shunt release 31[#],32[#]: Closing electromagnet 33[#],34[#],35[#]: Energy storage motor 18[#]~26[#], 38[#]~40[#]: Auxiliary contact (auxiliary contact capacity: AC230V,5A)

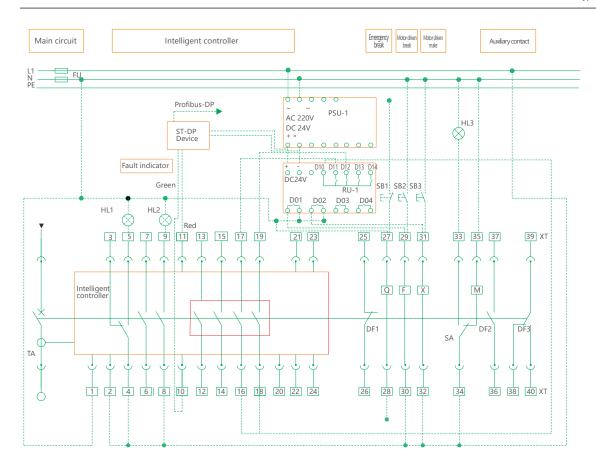
Note:

Dashed is to be connected by users.

Standard type, type (M/3M)

C





- HL1: Failure indicator
- HL2: Close indicator
- HL3: Energy storage indicator
- SB1: Under-voltage button
- SB2: Shunt button
- SB3: Close button
- Q: Under-voltage release
- F: Shunt release
- X: Close electromagnet
- M: Energy storage motor
- DF1-DF3: Auxiliary switch
- 1[#], 2[#]: Auxiliary power input(DC24)
- 3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal, contact capacity AC230V,5A
- 6[#], 7[#]: To be connected with current transformer(N/O auxiliary contact, capacity AC400V, 1A,when no current transformer)

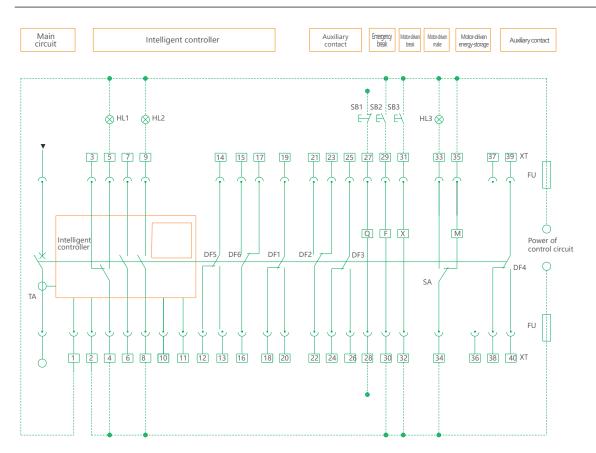
Note:

Dashed is to be connected by users.

- 8[#],9[#]: Making indicator(capacity AC400V,1A)
- 10[#], 11[#]: communication output
- 12[#], 13[#]: Signal alarm of load 1 output
- 14_#, 15[#]: Signal alarm of load 2 output
- 16[#], 17[#]: Making signal output
- 18[#], 19[#]: Closing signal output
- 20[#]: Communication shield ground line
- 21[#]~24[#]: Voltage signal input of phase N,A,B,C
 - (With voltage measurement); 21_#~23_# is a set of auxiliary switches
 - (Without voltage measurement)
 - 22_#common terminal,contact capacity AC230V,5A
- 25[#], 26[#]: Auxiliary contact (capacity:AC230V,5A)
- 27#,28#: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)
- 29[#],30[#]: Shunt release
- 31#,32#: Closing electromagnet
- 33[#],34[#],35[#]: Energy storage motor
- 36[#]~40[#]: Auxiliary contact (capacity:AC230V,5A)

Six pairs change-over contacts standard type (M/3M)

C



HL1: Failure indicator HL2: Close indicator HL3: Energy storage indicator SB1: Under-voltage button SB2: Shunt button SB3: Close button Q: Under-voltage release F: Shunt release X: Close release M: Energy storage motor DF1-DF6: Auxiliary switch 1[#], 2[#]: Auxiliary power input 3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal,contact capacity AC230V,5A 6[#], 7[#]: to be connected with current

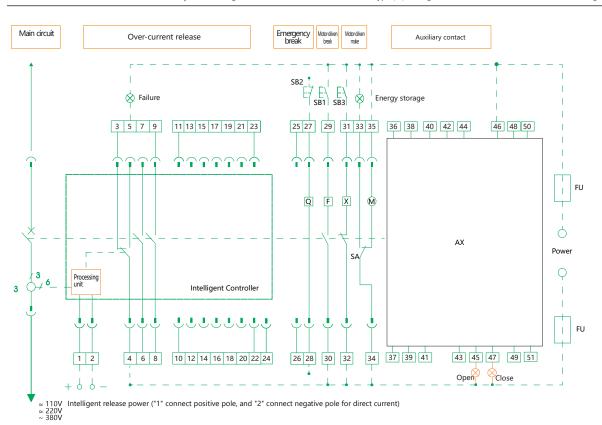
transformer(selective)

Note:

Six pairs change-over contacts , without any additional function. Dashed is to be connected by users. 8[#],9[#]: Making indicator (capacity AC400V,1A) 12[#]~26[#]: Auxiliary contact(auxiliary contact capacity: AC230V,1A) 27[#],28[#]: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit) 29[#],30[#]: Shunt release 31[#],32[#]: Closing release 33[#],34[#]:Energy storage indicator 34[#],35[#]: Energy storage motor 38[#]~40[#]: Auxiliary contact(auxiliary contact capacity: AC230V,1A)



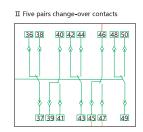
6.2 NA1-2000X~6300X



The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with standard type (M) intelligent controller and instantaneous under-voltage release

The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



Circuit explanation for signal output:

a. Broken-line parts shall be provided by customers.

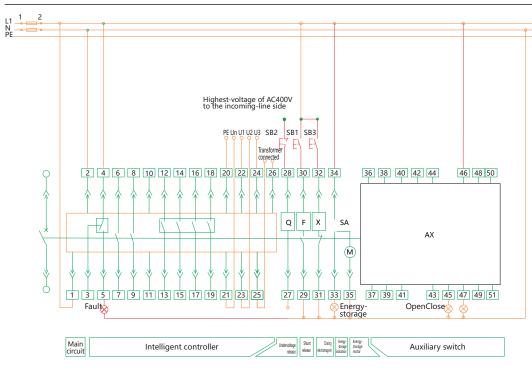
b. Terminals 6[#],7[#] can output NC (normal close) contact if that is required by users.

- c. Terminal 35[#] can be directly connected to power (automatic pre-storing energy), alternatively connect power after connecting NO button (manual-controlled pre-storing energy).
- d. Terminals 21"~24" is only for wiring with function meter display. (excluding the special wiring)

SB1: Shunt button SB2: Under-voltage button SB3: Making button Q: Under-voltage release F: Shunt release X: Closing electromagnet M: Energy storage motor XT: Connection terminal SA: Position switch Note: If control voltage of Q, F, X is different from each other, they can be connected to different power.

1[#],2[#]: Auxiliary power input

- 3^{*},4^{*},5^{*}: Fault trip contact output(4^{*} common terminal)
- 6[#],7[#],8[#],9[#]: Auxiliary contact, normal open,
- 10#~24#: empty
- 25",26": to be connected with current transformer(selective)
- 27",28": Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)
- 29[#],30[#]: Shunt release
- 31[#],32[#]: Closing release
- 33[#],34[#]: Energy storage indicator
- 34[#],35[#]: Energy storage motor
- 36[#],51[#]: Auxiliary contact



The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with type (3M) intelligent controller and instantaneous under-voltage release

SB1: Shunt button SB2: Under-voltage button

SB3: Making button Q: Under-voltage release

1[#], 2[#]: Intelligent controller power input

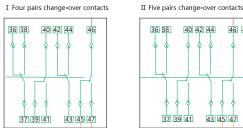
Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller

is AC power, the $1^* \sim 2^*$ connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the $1^{*} \sim 2^{*}$ to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal of the DC power supply module, and the $1^{\ast} \sim 2^{\ast} connect$ to the output terminal of the DC power supply module,

or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

F: Shunt release X: Closing release M: Energy storage motor XT: connection terminal SA: Position switch

The auxiliary contact modes for customer use



40 42 44 46 48 50 43 45 47 10

3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#]common terminal)

6[#],7[#],8[#],9[#]: Auxiliary contact(normal open)

10#~11#: empty

12"~19": The programmable output terminal. The normal products without these terminals, but if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

3M type acquiescence output:

12[#],13[#]: Signal alarm of load 1 output; 14[#],15[#]: Signal alarm of load2 output

16[#],17[#]: Self-diagnose alarm; 18[#],19[#]: Fault trip; 20[#]: PE line; 21[#]~24[#]: Display the voltage of the signal input. The normal products without these terminals,

if the customer special ordered the function meter, the cost extra added.

21#: N phase input terminal

22*,23*,24*: A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(highest-voltage of AC 400V)

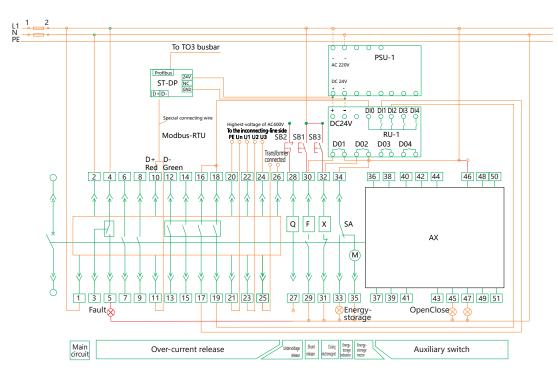
25[#],26[#]: Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer. The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added. 27#,28#: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29#,30#: Shunt release; 31#,32#: Closing release; 33",34": Energy storage indicator; 34",35": Energy storage motor; 36"~51": Auxiliary contact

Note:

a. Red colored part is to be connected by users

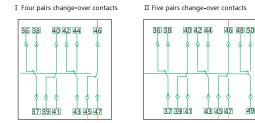
b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2.

(If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)



The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with type (3H) intelligent controller and instantaneous under-voltage release

The auxiliary contact modes for customer use



3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal)

6^{*},7^{*},8^{*},9^{*}: Auxiliary contact (normal open)

10"~11": communication output

12#,13#: Signal alarm of load 1 output; 14#,15#: Signal alarm of load² output

16#,17#:Breaking signal output; 18#,19#:Making signal output

20[#]: PE line; 21[#]: N phase input terminal

22*,23*,24*: A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(highest-voltage of AC 400V)

25"26": Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer. The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

ST~DP: DP protocol module. There is no need for the ST-DP protocol module,

if the communication protocol is Modbus-RTV. But when the communication protocol is Profibus-DP,

the ST-DP protocol module is necessary, but the cost extra added.

ST power module IV: power converter (optional components)

ST201: Magnify the signal capacity of the controller. (optional components) If the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

27#,28#: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29#,30#: Shunt release

31[#],32[#]: Closing release; 33[#],34[#]: Energy storage indicator

34[#],35[#]: Energy storage motor; 36[#]~51[#]: Auxiliary contact

Note:

a. Red colored part is to be connected by users

b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2.

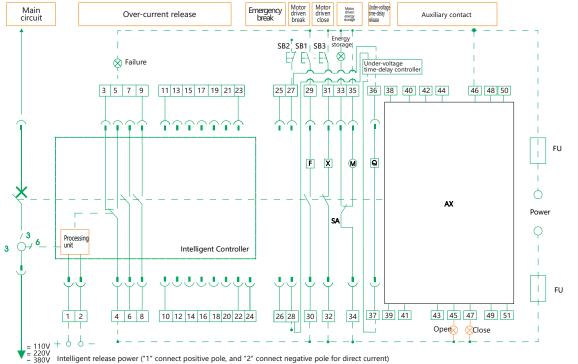
(If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)

SB1: Shunt button; SB2: Under-voltage button SB3: Making button; Q: Under-voltage release F: Shunt release; X: Closing release

M: Energy storage motor; XT: connection terminal SA: Position switch

1[#], 2[#]: Intelligent controller power input

Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller is AC power, the $1^* \sim 2^*$ connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the $1^* \sim 2^*$ to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal of the DC power supply module, and the $1^* \sim 2^*$ connect to the output terminal of the DC power supply module, or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

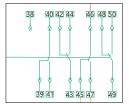


The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with standard type (M) intelligent controller and time-delay under-voltage release

Intelligent release power ("1" connect positive pole, and "2" connect negative pole for direct current)

The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



1#,2#: Auxiliary power input

3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal)

- 6[#],7[#],8[#],9[#]: Auxiliary contact (normal open)
- 10#~24#: empty
- 25[#],26[#]: to be connected with current transformer(selective)
- 27[#],28[#]: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit)
- 29[#],30[#]: Shunt release
- 31#,32#: Closing release
- 33*,34*: Energy storage indicator
- 34#,35#: Energy storage motor
- 36#,37#: Under-voltage time delay release
- 38"~51": Auxiliary contact

Circuit explanation for signal output:

- a. Broken-line parts shall be provided by customers.
- b. Terminals 6[#],7[#] can output NC (normal close) contact if that is required by users.
- c. Terminal 35[#] can be directly connected to power (automatic pre-storing energy),
- alternatively connect power after connecting NO button (manual-controlled pre-storing energy).
- d. The 21[#]~24[#] is only for wiring with function meter display. (Excluding the special wiring)

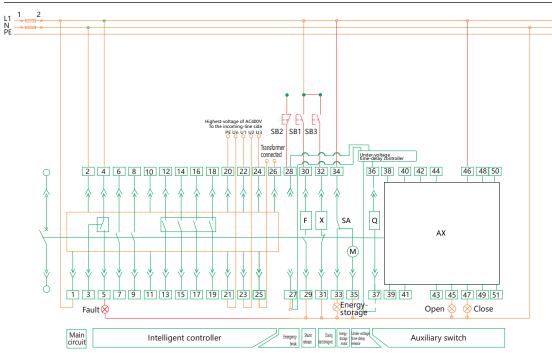
SB1: Shunt button SB2: Under-voltage button SB3: Making button

Q: Under-voltage time-delay release F: Shunt release X: Closing electromagnet M: Energy storage motor

XT: Connection terminal SA: Position switch

Note: If control voltage of Q, F, X is different from each other, they can be connected to different power.

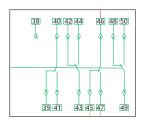




The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with type (3M) intelligent controller and time-delay under-voltage release

The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



SB1: Shunt button; SB2: Under-voltage button SB3: Making button; Q: Under-voltage release F: Shunt release; X: Closing release M: Energy storage motor; XT: Connection terminal SA: Position switch

1[#], 2[#]: Intelligent controller power input Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller is AC power, the 1[#]~2[#] connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the 1[#]~2[#] to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal of the DC power supply module, and the 1[#]~2[#] connect to the output terminal of the DC power supply module, or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal);

6[#],7[#],8[#],9[#]: Auxiliary contact (normal open)

10"~11": empty; 12"~19" are the programmable output terminal. The normal products without these terminals, but if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

3M type acquiescence output:

12*,13*: Signal alarm of load 1 output; 14*,15*: Signal alarm of load2 output

16*,17*: Self-diagnose alarm; 18*,19*: Fault trip

20": PE line; 21"~24": Display the voltage of the signal input. The normal products without these terminals,

if the customer special ordered the function meter, the cost extra added.

21*: N phase input terminal; 22*,23*,24*: A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(Highest-voltage of AC400V)

25[#],26[#] Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer.

The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

27[#],28[#]: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29[#],30[#]: Shunt release

31*,32*: Closing release; 33*,34*: Energy storage indicator

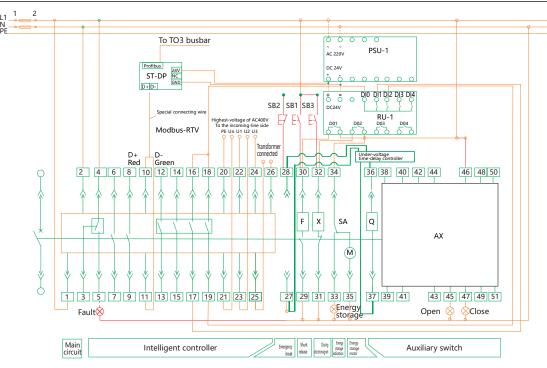
34*,35*: Energy storage motor; 36*,37*: Under-voltage time delay release

38[#]~51[#]: Auxiliary contact

Note:

a. Red colored part is to be connected by users

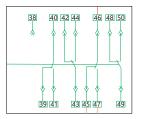
b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2. (If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)



The secondary circuit wiring for NA1-2000X~6300X with type (3H) intelligent controller and time-delay under-voltage release

The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

I Four pairs change-over contacts



SB1: Shunt button; SB2: Under-voltage button SB3: Making button; Q: Under-voltage release F: Shunt release; X: Closing release M: Energy storage motor; XT: Connection terminal

SA: Position switch

1[#], 2[#]: Intelligent controller power input

Note: When the power supply of the intelligent controller is AC power, the $1^* \sim 2^*$ connects to the AC power directly. When the power supply is DC power, forbid connecting the $1^* \sim 2^*$ to the DC power directly. Add a DC power supply module, then the DC power connect to the input terminal of the DC power supply module, and the $1^* \sim 2^*$ connect to the output terminal of the DC power supply module, or else the intelligent controller will be damaged.

3[#],4[#],5[#]: Fault trip contact output(4[#] common terminal)

6[#],7[#],8[#],9[#]: Auxiliary contact (normal open)

10[#]~11[#]: Communication output; 12[#],13[#]: Signal alarm of load 1 output

14[#],15[#]: Signal alarm of load 2 output; 16[#],17[#]: Breaking signal output; 18[#],19[#]: Closing signal output

20": PE line; 21": N phase input terminal

22",23",24": A, B, C three phase power input terminal (note the sequence)(highest-voltage of AC400V)

25",26" Connect to the N phase current transformer or the input terminal of the current leakage transformer.

The normal products without these terminals, if the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

ST~DP: DP protocol module. There is no need for the ST-DP protocol module,

if the communication protocol is Modbus-RTV. But when the communication protocol is Profibus-DP,

the ST-DP protocol module is necessary, but the cost extra added.

ST power module IV: power converter (optional components)

ST201: Magnify the signal capacity of the controller. (optional components)

If the customer special ordered, the cost extra added.

27#,28#: Under-voltage release(Connected to the main circuit); 29#,30#: Shunt release

31*,32*: Closing release; 33*,34*: Energy storage indicator

34*,35*: Energy storage motor; 36*,37*: Under-voltage time delay release

38[#]~51[#]: Auxiliary contact

Note:

a. Red colored part is to be connected by users

b. When the power system is three phase three wire, directly connect the Un to U2.

(If the voltage exceeds 400V, special explanation when ordered)

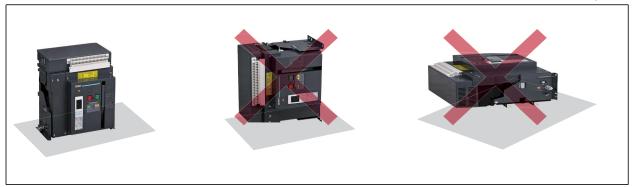


7. Installation

7.1 Installation

7.1.1 Unload the breaker from the soleplate of package. If it is drawout type, firstly pull out the handle under the drawer-base of breaker, and plug it into the hole on central part of plastic cover under the drawer-base crossbeam, anticlockwise turns the handle, the body will slowly slide along the outside of drawer-base. When the guide rod points to separated position and handle can't be rotated any longer, pull out the handle and firmly grasp the aluminum handle on drawer-base, pull out the breaker body and remove it form the base, then move the base from the sole plate and clean up the dirty things inside the drawer-base.

Possible positions



7.1.2 Check the insulation resistance with a 500V megger, resistance should not be less than $20M\Omega$ when ambient temperature is $20^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$ and relative humidity is $50\% \sim 70\%$. Otherwise dry it.

7.1.3 Power supply

NA1 devices can be supplied either from the top or from the bottom without reduction in performance, in order to facilitate connection when installed in a switchboard.



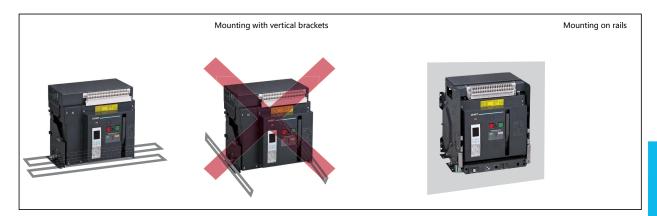
7.1.4 Put the breaker (fixed-type) or drawer-base (drawout-type) into the installation-bracket, and make it fixed, directly connect the cable wire of main circuit to the bus wire of fixed-type circuit breaker. Alternatively put breaker body onto the slideway of drawer-base. Plug the handle into installation hole, clockwise turns it until the under-part of drawer-base points at the connection position and " click" sound is heard. It indicates that breaker body has been connected to its place, then connect the cable of main circuit to drawer-base.

Mounting the circuit-breaker

It is important to distribute the weight of the device uniformly over a rigid mounting surface such as rails or a base plate.

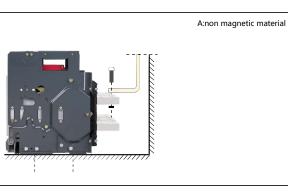
This mounting plane should be perfectly flat (tolerance on support flatness: 2 mm). This eliminates any risk of deformation which could interfere with correct operation of the circuit breaker.

NA1 devices can also be mounted on a vertical plane using the special brackets.



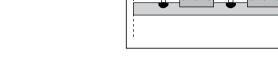
7.1.5 Partitions

Sufficient openings must be provided in partitions to ensure good air circulation around the circuit breaker; Any partition between upstream and downstream connections of the device must be made of nonmagnetic material. For high-currents, of 2500 A and upwards, the metal supports or barriers in the immediate vicinity of a conductor ;Metal barriers through which a conductor passes must not form a magnetic loop.



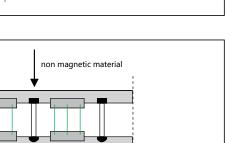
Busbars

The mechanical connection must be exclude the possibility of formation of a magnetic loop around a conductor.



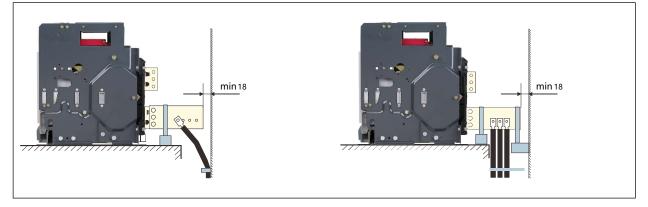
7.1.6 Busbar connections

The busbars should be suitably adjusted to ensure the connection points are positioned on the terminals before the bolts B are inserted. The connections are held by the supporter which is fixed to the framework of the switchboard, in this way the circuit breaker terminals do not have to support its weight C. (This support should be placed close to the terminals).





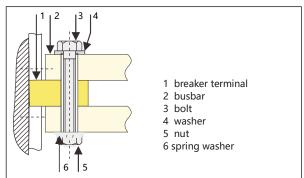
- 7.1.7 Main circuit adopts cable connection
 - Users should not apply too strong mechanical strength on the terminals of Air Circuit Breaker. Extend the bus-bar of circuit breaker with connecting bus-bar, position the wiring piece of cable before inserting bolts; the cable should be fixed on the frame of distributing cabinet firmly.



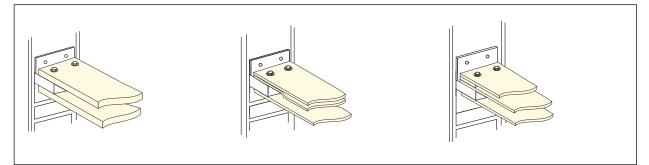
7.1.8 Clamping

Correct clamping of busbars depends on the tightening torques used for the nuts and bolts,etc. Over-tightening may have the same consequences as under-tightening.

For connecting busbars to the circuit breaker, the tightening torques to be used are shown in the table below. These values are for use with copper busbars and steel nuts and bolts, class \geq 8.8.

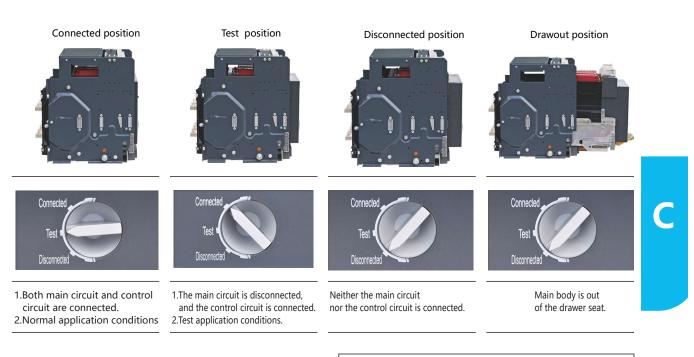


Examples



Preferred tightening torque for NA1's tightening components

Type of screw	Application	Preferred tightening torque
M3	Screws for secondary terminals	0.4~0.5 N·m
M10	Installing bolts of Air Circuit Breaker	38~55 N·m
M12	Connection terminals	61~94 N·m



7.2 Wiring the secondary circuit according to electric principle diagram.

Note: Bolts, nuts, gaskets shouldn't be left inside the drawer seat to avoid being blocked.

7.3 Operation

Check the rated voltage of the following components whether conforms to the power voltage . Such as under voltage release, shunt release, closing electromagnet, motor-driven mechanism and intelligent controller.

7.4 Maintenance

Check the technical parameters in time or add some lubricating oil, etc.

This breaker structure is arranged vertically and modularized composition with each functioncell separated, which make the maintenance easy.

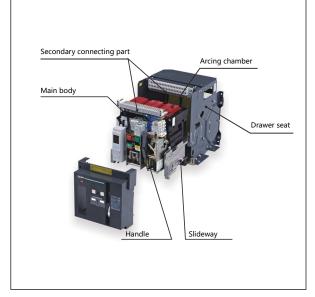
It has compact structure, reliable operation and strong free maintenance capability. Please check the technical parameters on the nameplate in accordance with the requirements of order before installation.

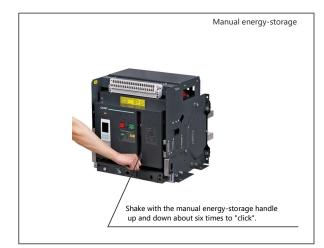
Making the secondary circuit power, the motor-driven mechanism can store energy automatically until hearing the click

and energy stored indicating on the panel.

Otherwise press the storage handle for 6 times until hearing the click and the indicator display energy stored

And the closing operation can be realized either by closing electromagnet or manual button.





8. Recommendation for user's connecting bus-bar

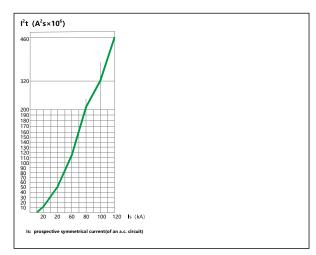
Inm(A)		NA1-	1000	х			NA1-2	2000X/	NA1-20	00XN/	'NA1-2	000ХН	NA1-320	00X/NA1-	3200XN	NA1-400	0X	NA1-630	00X/NA1	-6300XN
In(A)		200	400	630	800	1000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000/3P	4000/4P	4000	5000	6300
	Thickness(mm)	5	5	5	6	8	5	6	8	10	12	10	8	10	10	10	-	10	10	10
Busbar	Width(mm)	30	30	40	50	50	60	60	60	60	60	60	100	100	100	120	-	100	100	100
	Number	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	4	4	-	5	7	8

Note: the specifications in the table is obtained as the ambient temperature of air circuit breaker is 40°C, with open installation; this is in compliance with the specification of copper busbars adopted under the heating conditions regulated in IEC/EN60947-2.

9. Power loss

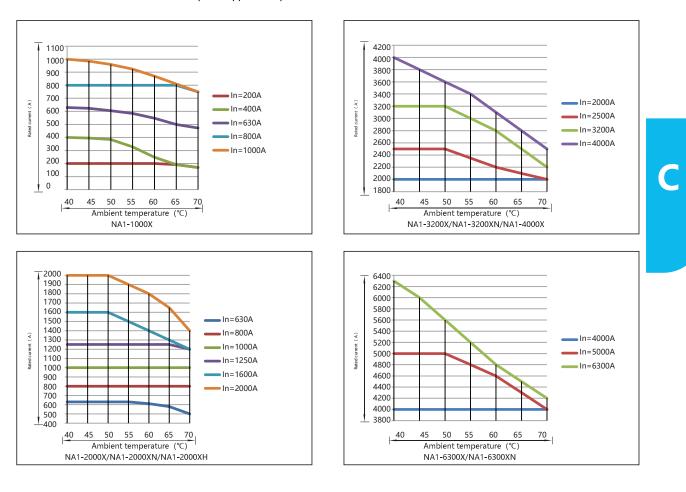
Inm(A)		NA1-	1000	x			NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN						1-3200XN	NA1-400	0X	NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN				
In(A)		200	400	630	800	1000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000/3P	4000/4P	4000	5000	6300
Power	Drawer type	40	101	123	110	171	70	110	172	268	440	530	384	600	737	921	-	575	898	1426
loss (W)	Fixed type	33	85	107	94	146	34.4	50	78	122	200	262	200	312	307	450	-	-	-	-

10. A²S curve



11. Temperature compensation correction

Standard	Ambient temperature	NA1-1						NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH						3200X/ 1000X	NA1-32	NA1-6300X/ NA1-6300XN			
	40°C	200	400	630	800	1000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300
	45℃	200	395	623	800	985	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	3800	4000	5000	6000
	50°C	200	384	605	800	960	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	3600	4000	5000	5600
IEC/EN60947-2	55℃	200	328	584	800	924	630	800	1000	1250	1500	1900	2000	2300	3000	3400	4000	4800	5400
	60°C	200	248	548	800	870	610	800	1000	1250	1300	1800	2000	2200	2800	3200	4000	4800	5200
	65°C	192	192	500	800	810	610	800	1000	1250	1300	1650	2000	2200	2600	3000	4000	4600	5100
	70℃	170	170	473	750	750	473	800	1000	1200	1200	1400	2000	2000	2200	2520	4000	4000	4200



Note: The ACB is to calibrated at 40°C, special application please refer to the table above and the curve below.



12. Coordination recommendations

Capacity of transformer (kVA) & parallelly connected number	Rated current of transformer In(A)	Short circuit current of main circuit (kA)	Breaking capacity of air circuit breaker for main circuit (kA)
1×250	360	9	9
2×250	360	9	9
3×250	360	9	18.5
1×315	455	11.4	11.4
2×315	455	11.4	11.4
3×315	455	11.4	22.7
1×400	578	14.4	14.4
2×400	578	14.4	14.4
3×400	578	14.4	28.8
1×500	722	18	18
2×500	722	18	18
3×500	722	18	36.1
1×630	910	22.7	22.7
2×630	910	22.7	22.7
3×630	910	22.7	44.5
1×800	1154	19.3	19.3
2×800	1154	19.3	19.3
3×800	1154	19.3	38.5
1×1000	1444	24	24
3×1000	1444	24	24
3×1000	1444	24	48.1
1×1250	1805	30	30
2×1250	1805	30	30
3×1250	1805	30	60.1
1×1600	2310	36.5	36.5
2×1600	2310	36.5	36.5
3×1600	2310	36.5	73
1×2000	2887	48.2	48.2
2×2000	2887	48.2	48.2
3×2000	2887	48.2	96.3
1×2500	3608	60	60
2×2500	3608	60	60
1×3150	4550	75.8	75.8
2×3150	4550	75.8	75.8

Type of air circuit breaker for main circuit	Number and area of the busbar for main circuit (n×W×T)	Breaking capacity of air circuit breaker for branch circuit (kA)	Air circuit breaker for branch circuit
NA1-1000X-400		9	
NA1-1000X-400	2×(5×30)	18.5	NA1, NM8
NA1-1000X-400		27.5	
NA1-1000X-630		11.4	
NA1-1000X-630	2×(5×40)	22.7	NA1, NM8
NA1-1000X-630		34.1	
NA1-1000X-630		14.4	
NA1-1000X-630	2×(5×40)	28.8	NA1, NM8
NA1-1000X-630		43.2	
NA1-1000X-800		18	
NA1-1000X-800	2×(6×50)	36.1	NA1, NM8
NA1-1000X-800		54.1	
NA1-1000X-1000		22.7	
NA1-1000X-1000	2×(8×50)	44.5	NA1, NM8
NA1-1000X-1000		67.2	
NA1-2000X-1250		19.3	
NA1-2000X-1250	2×(10×60)	38.5	NA1, NM8
NA1-2000X-1250		57.8	
NA1-2000X-1600		24	
NA1-2000X-1600	2×(12×60)	48.1	NA1, NM8
NA1-2000X-1600		72.1	
NA1-2000X-2000		30	
NA1-2000X-2000	3×(10×60)	60.1	NA1, NM8
NA1-2000X-2000		90.1	
NA1-3200X-2500		36.5	
NA1-3200X-2500	2×(10×100)	73	NA1, NM8
NA1-3200X-2500		109.5	
NA1-3200X-3200		48.2	
NA1-3200X-3200	4×(10×100)	96.3	NA1, NM8
NA1-3200X-3200		144.5	
NA1-6300X-4000		60	
NA1-6300X-4000	4×(10×120)	120	NA1, NM8
NA1-6300X-5000		75.8	
NA1-6300X-5000	7×(10×100)	151.6	NA1, NM8



13. Selectivity protection

13.1 Selective protection between NM8 and NA1

				Circuit breaker	NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH			
Downstream			Upstream	Rated current (A)	630	800	1000	1250
				Default setting ratings of short time-delay 8In (kA)	5.04	6.4	8	10
				Setting range (kA)	0.63 ~ 9.45	0.8~12	1~15	1.25~18.75
				Delayed tripping time (s)	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4			
				Returnable time	0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0.35			
Frame size rated current	Rated current (A)	Instantaneous setting ratings (kA)						
	16	0.16 0.19(motor)			0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45	0.8~12 0.8~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	20	0.2 0.24(motor)			0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45	0.8~12 0.8~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	25	0.25 0.30(motor)			0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45	0.8~12 0.8~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
NM8-125 NM8S-125	32	0.32 0.38(motor)			0.63~9.45 0.63~9.45	0.8~12 0.8~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	40	0.40 0.48(motor)			0.63~9.45 0.6624~9.45	0.8~12 0.8~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	50	0.50 0.60(motor)			0.69~9.45 0.828~9.45	0.8~12 0.828~12	1~15 1~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	63	0.63 0.75(motor)			0.8694~9.45 1.035~9.45	0.8694~12 1.035~12	1~15 1.035~15	1.25~18.75 1.25~18.75
	80	0.80 0.96(motor)			1.104~9.45 1.325~9.45	1.104~12 1.325~12	1.104~15 1.325~15	1.25~18.75 1.325~18.75
	100	1.0 1.20(motor)			1.38~9.45 1.656~9.45	1.38~12 1.656~12	1.38~15 1.656~15	1.38~18.75 1.656~18.75
	125	1.25 1.5(motor)			1.725~9.45 2.07~9.45	1.725~12 2.07~12	1.725~15 2.07~15	1.725~18.75 2.07~18.75
NU 40 075	100	1.0 1.2(motor)			1.38~9.45 1.656~9.45	1.38~12 1.656~12	1.38~15 1.656~15	1.38~18.75 1.656~18.75
NM8-250 NM8S-250	160	1.6 1.92(motor)			2.208~9.45 2.65~9.45	2.208~12 2.65~12	2.208~15 2.65~15	2.208~18.75 2.65~18.75
	200	2.0 2.4(motor)			2.76~9.45 3.312~9.45	2.76~12 3.312~12	2.76~15 3.312~15	2.76~18.75 3.312~18.75
	250	2.5 3.0(motor)			3.45~9.45 4.14~9.45	3.45~12 4.14~12	3.45~15 4.14~15	3.45~18.75 4.14~18.75

		NA1-3200X/NA1	-3200XN		NA1-4000X	NA1-6300X/NA	1-6300X/NA1-6300XN		
1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	
12.8	16	16	20	25.6	32	32	40	50.4	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4						'	'		
0.06, 0.14, 0.23,	0.35								
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.656~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.725~24	1.725~30	1.725~30	1.725~37.7	1.725~48	1.725~60	1.725~60	1.725~75	1.725~94.5	
2.07~24	2.07~30	2.07~30	2.07~37.7	2.07~48	2.07~60	2.07~60	2.07~75	2.07~94.5	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
1.656~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
2.208~24	2.208~30	2.208~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
2.65~24	2.65~30	2.65~30	2.65~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
2.76~24	2.76~30	2.76~30	2.76~37.7	2.76~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
3.312~24	3.312~30	3.312~30	3.312~37.7	3.312~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
3.45~24	3.45~30	3.45~30	3.45~37.7	3.45~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
4.14~24	4.14~30	4.14~30	4.14~37.7	4.14~48	4.14~60	4.14~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	

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				Circuit breaker	NA1-2000X/NA	1-2000XN/NA1-20	00XH	
				Rated current (A)	630	800	1000	1250
			Default setting ratings of short time-delay 8In (kA)	5.04	6.4	8	10	
Downstream			Upstream	Setting range (kA)	0.63 ~ 9.45	0.8~12	1~15	1.25~18.75
			Delayed tripping time (s)	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4				
				Returnable time	0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0	.35		
Frame size rated current	Rated current (A)	Instantaneous setting ratings (kA)						
	250	2.5 3.0(motor)			3.45~9.45 4.14~9.45	3.45~12 4.14~12	3.45~15 4.14~15	3.45~18.75 4.14~18.75
	315	3.15 3.78(motor)			4.347~9.45 5.216~9.45	4.347~12 5.216~12	4.347~15 5.216~15	4.347~18.75 5.216~18.75
	350	3.5 4.2(motor)			4.83~9.45 5.796~9.45	4.83~12 5.796~12	4.83~15 5.796~15	4.83~18.75 5.796~18.75
NM8-630 NM8S-630	400	4.0 4.8(motor)			5.52~9.45 6.624~9.45	5.52~12 6.624~12	5.52~15 6.624~15	5.52~18.75 6.624~18.75
	500	5.0 6.0(motor)			6.9~9.45 8.28~9.45	6.9~12 8.28~12	6.9~15 8.28~15	6.9~18.75 8.28~18.75
	630	6.3 7.56(motor)			8.694~9.45	8.694~12 10.44~12	8.694~15 10.44~15	8.694~18.75 10.44~18.75
NM8S-630	630	6.3 7.56(motor)			8.694~9.45	8.694~12 10.44~12	8.694~15 10.44~15	8.694~18.75 10.44~18.75
	700	7.0 8.4(motor)				9.66~12 11.59~12	9.66~15 11.59~15	9.66~18.75 11.59~18.75
	800	8.0 9.6(motor)				11.04~12	11.04~15 13.25~15	11.04~18.75 13.25~18.75
	1000	10 12(motor)					13.8~15	13.8~18.75 16.56~18.75
NM8-1250 NM8S-1250	1250	12.5 15.0(motor)						17.25~18.75

		NA1-3200X/NA	1-3200XN		NA1-4000X	NA1-6300X/NA	1-6300XN	
1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300
12.8	16	16	20	25.6	32	32	40	50.4
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5
0.1, 0.2, 0.	3, 0.4		,			,		
0.06, 0.14,	0.23, 0.35							
3.45~24	3.45~30	3.45~30	3.45~37.7	3.45~48	3.45~60	3.45~60	3.45~75	3.45~94.5
4.14~24	4.14~30	4.14~30	4.14~37.7	4.14~48	4.14~60	4.14~60	4.14~75	4.14~94.5
4.347~24	4.347~30	4.347~30	4.347~37.7	4.347~48	4.347~60	4.347~60	4.347~75	4.347~94.5
5.216~24	5.216~30	5.216~30	5.216~37.7	5.216~48	5.216~60	5.216~60	5.216~75	5.216~94.5
4.83~24	4.83~30	4.83~30	4.83~37.7	4.83~48	4.83~60	4.83~60	4.83~75	4.83~94.5
5.796~24	5.796~30	5.796~30	5.796~37.7	5.796~48	5.796~60	5.796~60	5.796~75	5.796~94.5
5.52~24	5.52~30	5.52~30	5.52~37.7	5.52~48	5.52~60	5.52~60	5.52~75	5.52~94.5
6.624~24	6.624~30	6.624~30	6.624~37.7	6.624~48	6.624~60	6.624~60	6.624~75	6.624~94.5
6.9~24	6.9~30	6.9~30	6.9~37.7	6.9~48	6.9~60	6.9~60	6.9~75	6.9~94.5
8.28~24	8.28~30	8.28~30	8.28~37.7	8.28~48	8.28~60	8.28~60	8.28~75	8.28~94.5
8.694~24	8.694~30	8.694~30	8.694~37.7	8.694~48	8.694~60	8.694~60	8.694~75	8.694~94.5
10.44~24	10.44~30	10.44~30	10.44~37.7	10.44~48	10.44~60	10.44~60	10.44~75	10.44~94.5
8.694~24	8.694~30	8.694~30	8.694~37.7	8.694~48	8.694~60	8.694~60	8.694~75	8.694~94.5
10.44~24	10.44~30	10.44~30	10.44~37.7	10.44~48	10.44~60	10.44~48	10.44~75	10.44~94.5
9.66~24	9.66~30	9.66~30	9.66~37.7	9.66~48	9.66~60	9.66~48	9.66~75	9.66~94.5
11.59~24	11.59~30	11.59~30	11.59~37.7	11.59~48	11.59~60	11.59~60	11.59~75	11.59~94.5
11.04~24	11.04~30	11.04~30	11.04~37.7	11.04~48	11.04~60	11.04~60	11.04~75	11.04~94.5
13.25~24	13.25~30	13.25~30	13.25~37.7	13.25~48	13.25~60	13.25~60	13.25~75	13.25~94.5
13.8~24	13.8~30	13.8~30	13.8~37.7	13.8~48	13.8~60	13.8~60	13.8~75	13.8~94.5
16.56~24	16.56~30	16.56~30	16.56~37.7	16.56~48	16.56~60	16.56~60	16.56~75	16.56~94.5
17.25~24	17.25~30	17.25~30	17.25~37.7	17.25~48	17.25~60	17.25~60	17.25~75	17.25~94.5
20.7~24	20.7~30	20.7~30	20.7~37.7	20.7~48	20.7~60	20.7~60	20.7~75	20.7~94.5



13.2 Selective protection in NA1

				Circuit breaker	NA1-2000X/NA	1-2000XN/NA1-20	00XH	
				Rated current (A)	630	800	1000	1250
				Default setting ratings of short time-delay 8In (kA)	5.04	6.4	8	10
Downstream		Upstream	Setting range (kA)	0.63 ~ 9.45	0.8~12	1~15	1.25~18.75	
				Delayed tripping time (s)	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4			
				Returnable time	0.06, 0.14, 0.23, 0	.35		
Frame size rated current	Rated current (A)	Default instantaneous setting ratings 12In (kA)						
	400	4.8			6.348~9.45	6.348~12	6.348~15	6.348~18.75
	630	7.56				9.998~12	9.998~15	9.998~18.75
NA1-2000X	800	9.6					12.696~15	12.696~18.75
	1000	12						15.87~18.75
	1250	15						
	1600	19.2						
	2000	24						
NA1-3200X	2000	24						
	2500	30						
	3200	38.4						
NA1-4000X	3200	38.4						
	4000 4000	48 48						
	5000	60						
NA1-6300X	6300	75						

Note: It can satisfy the selective protection if only the short time-delay setting value of the superior breaker 1.32 times more than the subordinate breaker, when the instantaneous setting value is adjustive.

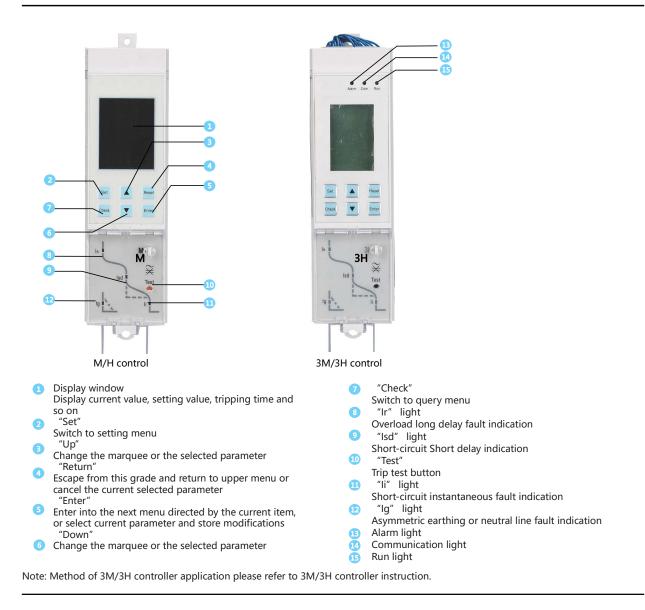
		NA1-3200X/NA	1-3200XN		NA1-4000X	NA1-6300X/NA	1-6300XN		
1600	2000	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	
12.8	16	16	20	25.6	32	32	40	50.4	
1.6~24	2~30	2~30	2.5~37.7	3.2~48	4~60	4~60	5~75	6.3~94.5	
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4									
0.06, 0.14, 0.23,	, 0.35								
6.348~24	6.348~30	6.348~30	6.348~37.7	6.348~48	6.348~60	6.348~60	6.348~75	6.348~94.5	
9.998~24	9.998~30	9.998~30	9.998~37.7	9.998~48	9.998~60	9.998~60	9.998~75	9.998~94.5	
12.696~24	12.696~30	12.696~30	12.696~37.7	12.696~48	12.696~60	12.696~60	12.696~75	12.696~94.5	
15.87~24	15.87~30	15.87~30	15.87~37.7	15.87~48	15.87~60	15.87~60	15.87~75	15.87~94.5	
19.837~24	19.837~30	19.837~30	19.837~37.7	19.837~48	19.837~60	19.837~60	19.837~75	19.837~94.5	
	25.392~30	25.392~30	25.392~37.7	25.392~48	25.392~60	25.392~60	25.392~75	25.392~94.5	
			31.74~37.7	31.74~48	31.74~60	31.74~60	31.74~75	31.74~94.5	
			31.74~37.7	31.74~48	31.74~60	31.74~60	31.74~75	31.74~94.5	
				39.675~48	39.675~60	39.675~60	39.675~75	39.675~94.5	
					50.784~60	50.784~60	50.784~75	50.784~94.5	
					50.784~60	50.784~60	50.784~75	50.784~94.5	
							63.48~75	63.48~94.5	
							63.48~75	63.48~94.5	
								79.35~94.5	

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Intelligent Controller of NA1 series

14 Protection Features of intelligent controller

14.1 M/H and 3M/3H intelligent controller UI



14.23 M/3H controller default interface and menu structure 3M/3H controller has four subjects menus and a default interface:

The subjects menus are composed of 4 parts: measurement menu, parameter set menu, protection parameter set menu, history and maintenance menu.



3M/3H controller default interface

14.3 Explanation of M/H controller symbols

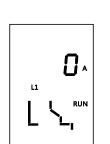
14.3.1 Explanation of symbols for reference

No.	symbol	NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH
1	lr= tr=	Long delay current setting, long delay time setting
2	Isd= tsd=	Short delay current setting, short delay time setting
3	lg= tg=	Earthing current setting, earthing time setting
4	li=	Instantaneous current setting
5	N=	Neutral line protection parameter setting
6	TM	Trip simulated by software
7	TRIP	Tripped
8	RUN	Run normally
9	SET	Normally on: in settable state; Flickering: modifiable parameter
10	LIN	Storing state
11	P O	Protection setting interface
12	ΓES	Trip simulated by software setting interface
13	RLR	Alarm setting or query interface
14	SYS	System setting interface (current calibration , frequency setting)
15	DBS	Communication setting interface of H-type controller
16	DOS	DO setting interface (H type with DO function)
17	FRU	Fault record query interface
18	COU	Operation times and life query interface
19	НОГ	Thermal capacity query interface
20	DOC	DO state query interface
21	н	Thermal capacity data
22	F	Fault record number
23	R	Alarm record number
24	Lg L1 L2 L3 LN	Earthing ,A,B,C,N phase
25	L۲	The corresponding LED lamp will flash to indicate the fault type after tripping. The LED lamps are always on when the system is normal.

14.3.2 Operation and display instruction

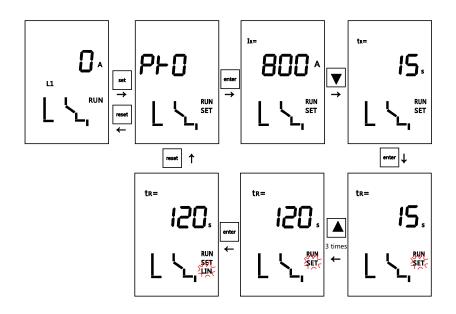
There are four states, default state, setting state, query state and tripping state.

① Default state: default state is also called measuring state. All fault indicating lamps are off and maximum phase current is displayed. In this state, if " \blacktriangle " or " \checkmark " button is pressed, L1,L2,L3(LN),Lg current can be displayed in turn. Example is shown below:

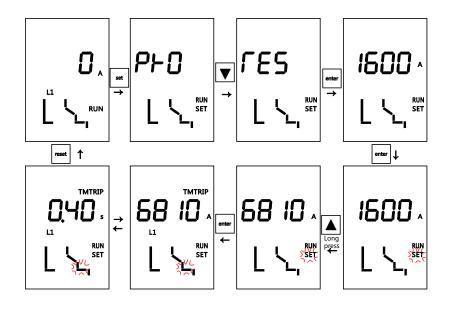


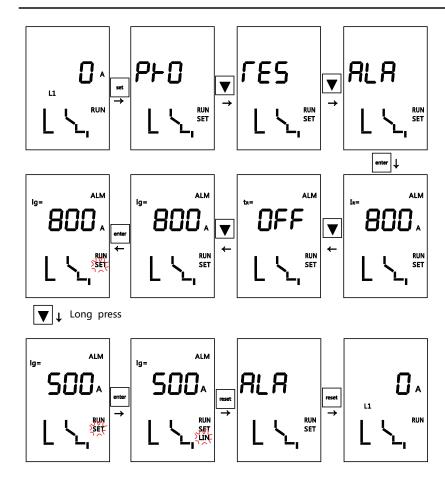
L1 phase current display interface

② Setting state: press "Set" button in default interface to enter into setting interface. Current protection parameters, overload pre-alarm value, earthing alarm threshold value and delay time can be queried or changed in setting state. Tripping can be simulated by software. In this state, "▲" or "Ψ" button can be pressed to add or subtract value when "SET" indicating lamp is flickering. Don' t forget to press "Enter" button to save data after setting. Example 1 of changing long delay time is shown below:



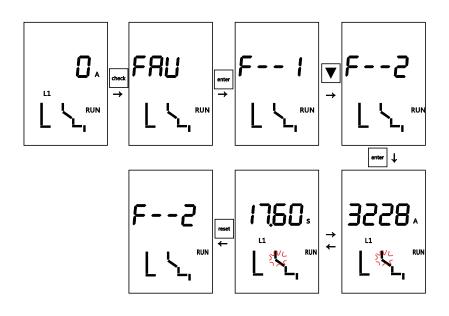
Example 2 of short delay tripping simulated by software is shown below:





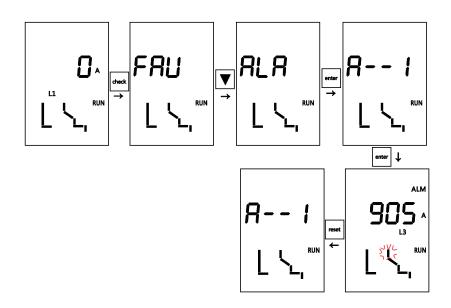
Example3 of setting earthing alarm threshold current is shown below:

③ Query state: press "Check" button in default interface to enter into query interface. Last 8 fault records, last 8 alarm records, breaker operation times, life record and thermal capacity can be queried in query state. Example4 of querying second fault record is shown below:

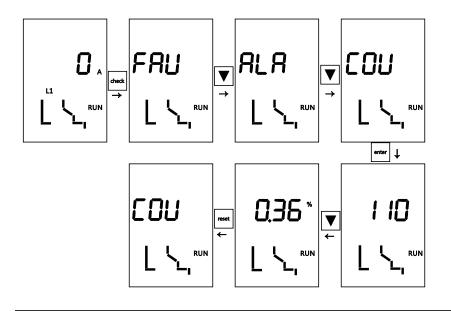


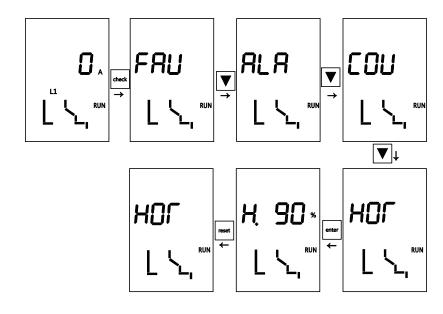


Example5 of querying first alarm record is shown below:

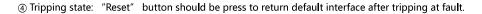


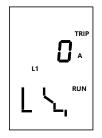
Example6 of querying breaker operation times and life record is shown below:



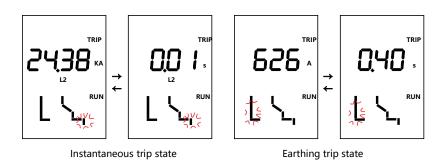


Example7 of querying thermal capacity after tripping is shown below:





Press "Test" button to simulate Instantaneous trip

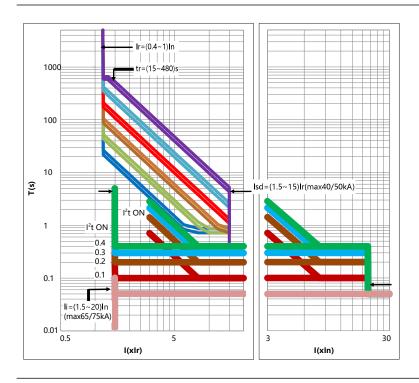


14.3.3 Controller functions list

M type	H type
1 over-current protection (overload, shortdelay,instantaneous,earthing);	1 over-current protection (overload, short delay, instantaneous, earthing);
vector sum grounding mode.	vector sum grounding mode.
2 Neutral line protection	2 Neutral line protection
3 Current measurement	3 Current measurement
4 two test functions:	4 two test functions:
(1) Instantaneous trip test simulated by mechanical button	(1) Instantaneous trip test simulated by mechanical button
(2) Other trip tests simulated by software	(2) Other trip tests simulated by software
5 Ten fault records	5 Ten fault records
6 Ten alarm records	6 Ten alarm records
7 MCR protection	7 MCR protection
8 operation times records	8 operation times records
9 thermal capacity	9 thermal capacity
10 overload pre-alarm	10 overload pre-alarm
	11 communication function: MODBUS protocol
	12 four DO function (optional)

3M type	3H type
1 all functions of M-type controller are included	1 all functions of 3M-type controller are included
2 HMI:128*64 LCD	2 voltage measurement and protection
	3 frequency measurement and protection
	4 power measurement and protection
	5 electric energy, power-factor, harmonic measurement
	6 communication function: MODBUS protocol
	7 DI/DO function

14.4 specifications of characteristics 14.4.1 Over-current protection characteristic curve



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14.4.2 Overload long time-delay protection Operating characteristics

Current Ratings Range(Ir)	tolerance	Current	Action time(action time(s)						
	±10%	≤ 1.05lr	>2h Non-trip							
(0.4~1)In+ OFF		> 1.3lr	<1h trip							
		1.5Ir(setting time)	15	30	60	120	240	480	±10%	
		2.0Ir	8.4	16.9	33.7	67.5	135	270	±10%	
Phase N Overload and Over-Current Characteristic		100% or 50%	100% or 50%(Applicable to 3P+N or 4P)							

14.3 Short-circuit short-delay protection

Short-circuit short delay protection has two protection modes. One is inverse time and definite time protection. I2Tsd = (8Ir)2tsd workswhen current is low. In this formula, I is actual current, Tsd is actual trip time, tsd is set trip delay time. When I is over inverse time set value but below 8Ir, controller will operate according to over-current protection characteristic curve. When I is over both of inverse time set value and 8Ir, controller will operate according to definite time protection. The other is definite time protection and set time is 0.11s, 0.21s, 0.31s, and 0.41s. When I is over Isd but below Ii, controller will operate according to definite time protection. Operating characteristics

Current Ratings Range(Isd)	tolerance	Current	Action time(s)	Time tolerance			
	±10%	≤ 0.9 I sd	In the 2tsd Non-trip				
(1.5~15) r+ OFF		> 1.1Isd	In the 2tsd Delayed-t				
(tsd	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	±15%
		Returnable time	0.06	0.14	0.25	0.33	±15%

Note: a. When the intelligent controller is Frame II (Inm=3200A, 4000A), Isd shouldn't be more than 40KA. b. When the intelligent controller is Frame III (Inm=6300), Isd shouldn't be more than 50KA.

c. When tsd is 0.1s or 0.2s, time permissible error is $\pm 0.040 \text{s}.$

14.4.4 Short-circuit instantaneous protection

Tripping time for instantanous protection (including the inherent breaking time of circuit breaker) should be less than 50ms (effective value protection) or 30ms (peak value protection). Operating characteristics

Current Ratings Range(li)	tolerance	Current	Time tolerance
(4.5. 20)1 055	. 450/	≤ 0.85li	In the 0.2s Non-trip
(1.5~20)In+ OFF	±15%	> 1.15li	In the 0.2s trip

Note: a. When the intelligent controller is Frame I (Inm=2000A), Ii shouldn't be more than 50KA.

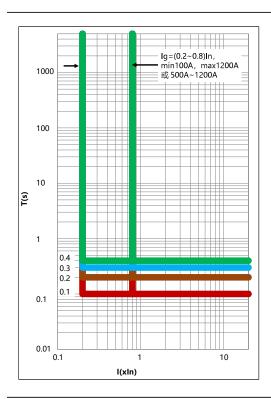
b. When the intelligent controller is Frame II (Inm=3200A, 4000A), Ii shouldn't be more than 65KA.

c. When the intelligent controller is Frame III (Inm=6300), Ii shouldn't be more than 75KA.



14.4.5 Earthing protection Earthing protection has definite time characteristic. Fault delay time is shown below.

Earthing protection characteristic curve



Operating characteristics of single-phase earthing protection

Current Ratings Range(Ir)	tolerance	Current	Action time(s)	Time tolerance			
hum 1000 (2000	±10%	≤ 0.9lg	In the 2tg Non-trip				
lnm=1000/2000, (0.2~0.8)ln+ OFF		> 1.1 l g	In the tg±0.032s or tg(1±25%) Tripping				
Inm=3200/4000/6300,		tg	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	±15%
(500~1200)A+ OFF		Returnable time	0.06	0.14	0.25	0.33	±15%

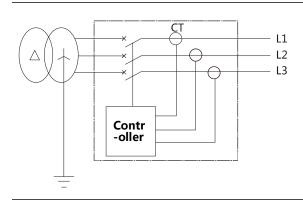
Note: a. When tg is 0.1s or 0.2s, time permissible error is $\pm 0.040s$;

b. When Inm is 1000A, Ig should be more than 100A. When Inm is 2000A, Ig shouldn' t be more than 1200A.

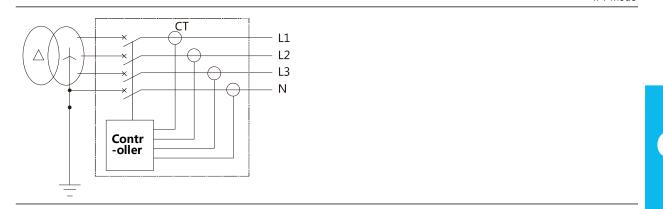
c. When Inm is 3200A, 4000A or 6300A, Ig should be between 500A and 1200A.

Single-phase protection is usually used in neutral-point solid ground system. Controller has two different protection modes, being vector sum mode and external transformer mode.

In three-phase three-wire system using 3-pole breaker without external transformer, earthing fault signal comes from three- phase current vector sum. Operating characteristic is definite time protection.
3PT mode

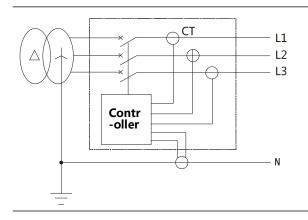


In three-phase four-wire system using 4-pole breaker without external transformer, earthing fault signal comes from three-phase current and N-Pole current vector sum. Operating characteristic is definite time protection. 4PT mode



In three-phase four-wire system using 3-pole breaker with external N-pole transformer, earthing fault signal comes from three- phase and N-Pole current vector sum. Operating characteristic is definite time protection.

(3P+N)T mode



Note:

① External N-pole transformer (connected to 6#, 7# terminal for NA1-1000, connected to 25#, 26# terminal for NA1-2000-6300) is a special product. Default lead wire is 2 meters long.

(2) Earthing protection in 3PT mode can only be used in balance load. It should be turned off or set value above allowable unbalance current when the load is unbalance or the controller may operate.

③ The distance between external transformer and breaker should be less than 5m in (3P+N)T mode. When lead wire of external transformer needs to be longer than 2 meters, special requirement should be noted when ordering.

15. Accessories

15.1 Shunt release

The power-on time cannot be greater than 2 seconds / time, and the power-on frequency cannot be greater than 5 times / minute. a. The shunt release should be used except for special products where the circuit breaker must be directly disconnected manually; b.The shunt release could operated within 10 meters to break the circuit breaker.

Characteristics of shunt release

Rated control power supply voltage Us(V) Operating voltage (V) Break time (ms)		AC220/230	AC380/400	DC220	pulse	AC110 (not available for NA1-1000X)	
		(0.7-1.1)Us					
				≤ 28			
Power	Inm=1000A	pulse	56	56	250	250	-
consumption (VA/W)	Inm=2000A~6300A	Intermittent(default)	300	300	132	70	300
	Inm=2000A~6500A	Pulse(option)	880	1800	880	850	850

Notes:

- 2. power-on time of the intermittent type cannot be greater than 2 s,

pulse frequency of the pulse type cannot be more than 5 times/min, or the components are easily burnt; 3. If the circuit breaker is not break by a single power-on of 15 s, must disconnect the power on the shunt release immediately.

^{1.}It must select pulse type in the automatic control system.

15.2 Closed Electromagnet

After the energy storage of the motor is completed, the closed electromagnet can be operated and controlled within a range of 10 meters to instantaneously release the energy storage spring force of the operating mechanism to close the circuit breaker.

Characteristics of closed electromagnet

Rated control power supply voltage Us(V)			AC220/230	AC380/400	DC220	DC110	AC110 (not available for NA1-1000X)
Operating voltage (V)			(0.85-1.1)Us				
Close time (ms)			≤ 50				
Power	Inm=1000A	pulse	56	56	250	250	-
consumption (VA/W)	Inm=2000A~6300A	Intermittent(default)	300	300	132	70	300
	11111-2000A-0300A	Pulse(option)	880	1800	880	850	850



Notes:

1.It must select pulse type in the automatic control system.

- 2. ppower-on time of the intermittent type cannot be greater than 2 s, pulse frequency of the pulse type cannot be more than 5 times/min, or the components are easily burnt;
- 3. Ensure that the product is in the energy storage state so that the closed electromagnet may be energized;

4.If the product is not closed after a single power-on for 15s, must disconnect the power on the closed electromagnet immediately.

15.3 Undervoltage release (UVT) (The power must be turned on before the circuit breaker is closed) 15.3.1 The undervoltage release has instantaneous operation and delayed operation:

Operation types of each frame under voltage release

	Self-priming	Helped priming
Undervoltage instantaneous release	Inm=1000A, 6300A	Inm=2000A, 3200A, 4000A/3
Undervoltage delay release	Inm=1000A, 6300A	Inm=2000A, 3200A, 4000A/3



Notes:

1.Inm=1000A undervoltage delay does not require an external delay controller. The power-off operation is an instantaneous operation. There is no zero voltage delay function;

2.Inm=6300A undervoltage delay does not require an external undervoltage delay controller. There is a delay function for low voltage and power off; 3.Inm=2000A~4000A/3 undervoltage delay requires an external delay controller. There is a delay operation when the power is off.

There is a zero voltage delay function.

Delay time of under voltage release

	Delay time (optional)	Accuracy
Inm=1000A	1 s, 3 s, 5 s, 7 s (not adjustable)	±15%
Inm=2000A~4000A/3	1 s, 3 s, 5 s (non-adjustable)	0~1s
Inm=6300A	0.3 s~7.5 s (adjustable)	±15%e
The undervoltage will not opera	te when the voltage returns to 85% Ue and higher,, within 1/2 delay	time.

Note:

A self-priming undervoltage delay release may be provided for special orders of NA1-2000X~6300X. There is no external undervoltage delay controller, and the delay time is 0.3s~7.5s, selectable and adjustable with an accuracy of ±15%.

15.3.2 When the undervoltage release is not powered, the circuit breaker cannot be closed either electrically or manually:

Characteristics of under voltage release

Rated control power supply voltage Ue(V)	AC110, AC220/230, AC380/400
Operating voltage (V)	(0.35~0.7)Ue
Reliable closing voltage (V)	(0.85~1.1)Ue
Reliable not-closing voltage (V)	≤ 0.35Ue
Power consumption (Inm=1000A/Inm=2000A~6300A)	20VA/48VA (W)

15.4 The electric energy storage mechanism (the power-on time cannot be greater than 5 seconds / time, and the power-on frequency cannot be greater than 3 times/min) has an automatic re-energy storage function to facilitate dual power switching.

Characteristics of electric energy storage mechanism

Rated control power supply voltage Ue(V)	AC380, AC220	DC220, DC110
Operating voltage (V)	(0.85-1.1)Us	(0.85-1.1)Us
Power consumption (Inm=1000A)	90W	90W
Power consumption (Inm=2000A)	85W	85W
Power consumption (Inm=3200A, 4000A/3)	110W	110W
Power consumption (Inm=6300A)	150W	150W
Energy storage time	≤ 5s	≤ 5s



Notes:

1.It is forbidden to turn on the power for 7 seconds to avoid damage.

15.5 Auxiliary contact NO

Standard type: Provides users with 4 sets of conversion contacts (default configuration). Special type: 6 sets of Inm=1000A conversion contacts (for AC only);

Characteristic





C

Туре	NA1-1000X			NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN		
Rated voltage (V)	AC230	AC400	DC220	AC230	AC400	DC220
conventional free-air thermal current Ith (A)	10	6	0.5	6	6	6
Rated control capacity	300VA	100VA	60W	300VA	300VA	60W

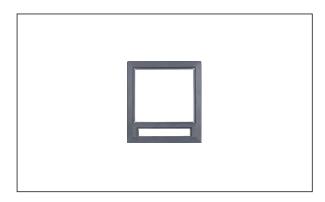
NA1-1000X			NA1-2000X/NA1-2000XN/NA1-2000XH/NA1-3200X/NA1-3200XN/NA1-4000X/NA1-6300X/NA1-6300XN		
Category	Voltage	Current	Category	Voltage	Current
AC 15	AC230V	1.3A	AC-15	AC230V	1.3A
AC-15	AC400V	0.25A		AC400V	0.75A
DC-13	DC110V	0.55A	DC 13	DC110V	0.55A
DC-13	DC220V	0.27A	DC-13	DC220V	0.27A

15.6 Doorcase

Installed on the door of the distribution cubicle, for sealing the distribution cubicle and making the protection class to IP40(fixed type and drawout type).

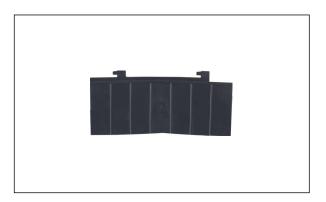
15.7 Phases barrier (Optional)

Installed between the busbars to increase the creepage distance.



15.8 Transparent shield (NA1-2000) (Optional) Installed on the doorcase of the cubicle's small door, make the protection class to IP54. It is suitable for the fixed, drawout type circuit breaker and the load switch.







15.9 Off position locking mechanism When the circuit breaker is disconnected, padlock can be used to lock it after pulling out the lock lever, then the circuit breaker can't be "Test" or "connected" position.(Padlock is prepared by users)

15.10 Key lock

Lock the circuit breaker on the OFF position, then the circuit breaker can't be closed.

Locks and keys will be provided by us.

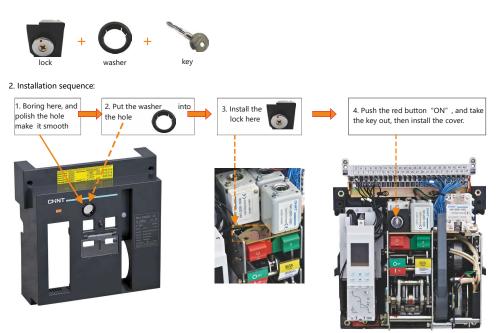
Separate lock and key is matched with one set of the circuit breaker.

Three same locks and two same keys are matched with three circuit breaker.

Note: Before pulling out the key, the break pushbutton should be pressed first, rotate the key anticlockwise, then pull it out.

★ NA1Install the locking system

1. Components of the locking system:



15.11 Cable mechanical interlock

It can realize the interlock of two horizontal or vertical-installed, three poles or four poles ,

drawout type or fixed type circuit breaker.

a. If need bend the cable, make sure the radian is more than 120°.

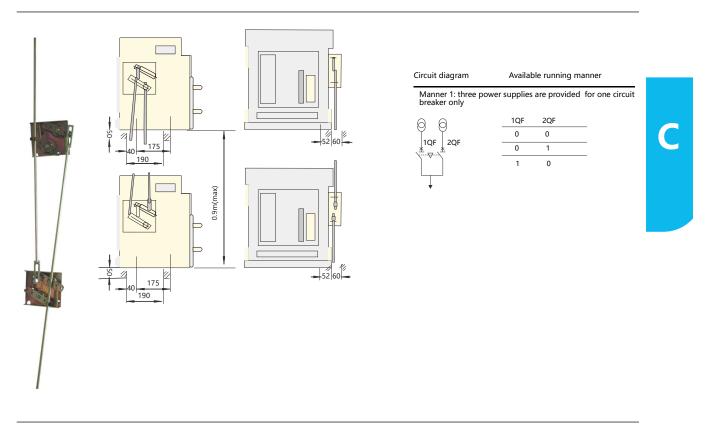
- b. Check and make sure enough lubricating oil of the cable.
- c. The maximum distance between two interlock circuit breakers is 1.5m.



Notes: a. when the steel cable needs to be bent, enough transition arc should be reserved to guarantee flexible movement of steel cable; b. check the steel cable and make sure there is enough lubricant in the steel cable to guarantee flexible movement of steel cable.

15.12 Connecting-rod type mechanical interlock

For two vertically mounted three-pole or four-pole circuit breakers, the interlock can be realized where one makes and the other breaks.





16. Maintenance and Overhaul of Circuit Breaker

Safety Precautions

The following operations must be executed in turn before conducting the maintenance or overhaul of circuit breakers: a.Circuit breaker opening operation to ensure the circuit breaker is in an opening state;

b.Disconnecting the upper-level knife switch (if any) to ensure the main circuit and secondary circuit are uncharged; c.Circuit breaker discharging, opening operation to ensure the circuit breaker is in a discharging and opening state; d.The components which the personnel might contact must be uncharged.



Maintenance and overhaul cycle

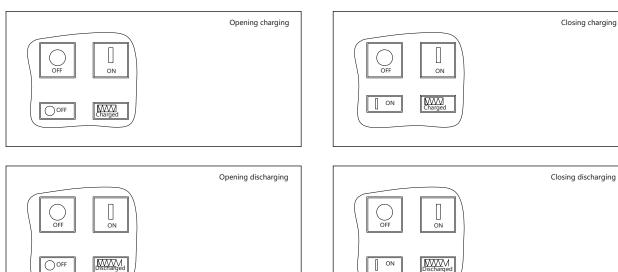
Condition	Environment	Maintenance cycle	Overhaul cycle	Remarks
General environment	The air should be always kept clean and dry. There is no corrosive gas. The temperature is in between -5°C ~+40°C The humidity should conform to Specification 1.3 Operating Conditions c Requirement for extreme atmosphere conditions.	Every six months	Once per year (every six months for more than 3 years of mounting period)	Confirming to IEC60947-2 Requirement for general environmental conditions.
Severe environment	Low temperature -5°C ~-40°C or high temperature 40°C ~ 65°C or humidity ≥ 90%	Every three months	Every six months (every three months for more than 3 years of mounting period)	
	Places with more dust and corrosive gases	Every month	Every three months	

16.1 Maintenance of circuit breaker

- 16.1.1 Foreign objects (such as tools, wire leads or fragments, metal objects) in the switchgear should be regularly cleared.
- 16.1.2 The dust on the circuit breaker must be regularly cleared to maintain its good insulation.
- 16.1.3 The spring washers of the main circuit connecting bolts, the earthing bolts must be checked for whether they are flattened and theconnection is firm.



16.1.4 Whether the opening or closing indication is correct and reliable.



16.2 Overhaul of circuit breaker

16.2.1 Connecting and mounting inspection

It is proposed to refer to the following requirement for the torsional forces of main circuit and secondary circuit.

Fastener specification	Torque requirement N•m
M3	0.4~0.5
M4	1.2~1.7
M8	16~26
M10	36~52
M12	61~94

16.2.2 Insulating property test

The phase-phase and phase-earth insulation resistance, requirement $\ge 20M\Omega$.

The insulation resistance test must be first done after overhaul and long-time (\geq 7days) of deenergization and before energization again.

16.2.3 Operating characteristic inspection

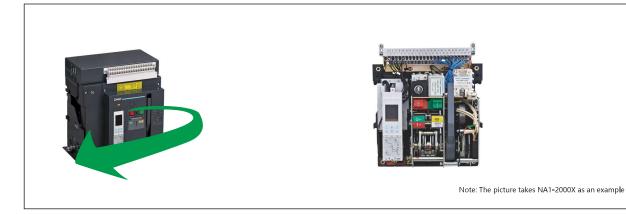
All accessories shall be connected with corresponding rated voltage according to the face shield nameplate requirement, and the following operations should be done:

Electric charging, closing and opening operation, 5times in cycle

Manual charging, closing and opening operation, 5times in cycle

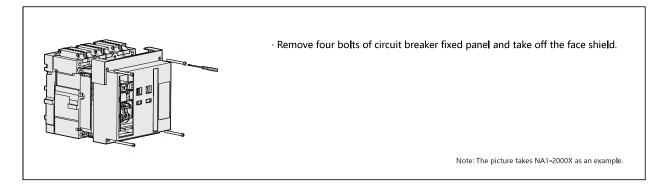
The circuit breaker charging, opening and closing should be normal.

Note: The main circuit must be uncharged. If there is an under-voltage release, the rated voltage must be first connected.



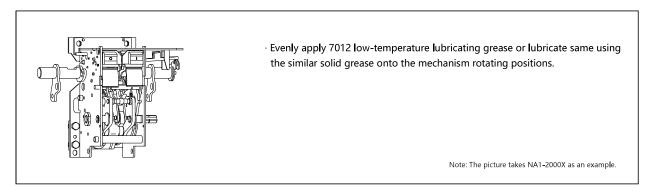


16.2.4 Inspection of circuit breaker components 16.2.4.1 Face shield dismantling

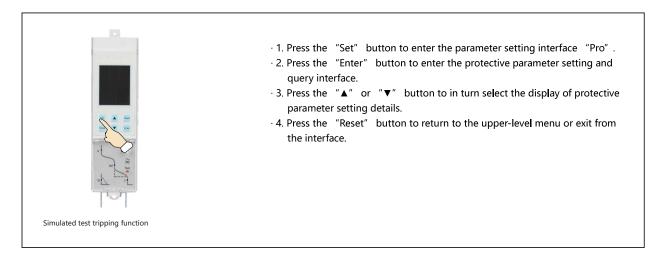


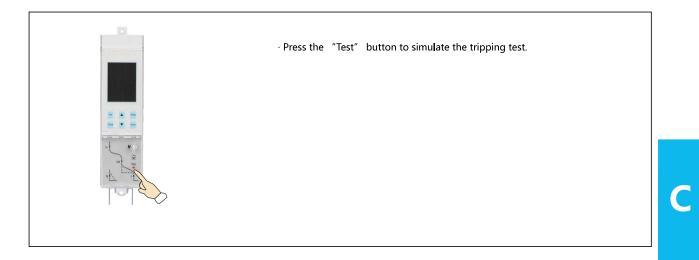
16.2.4.2 Operating mechanism inspection

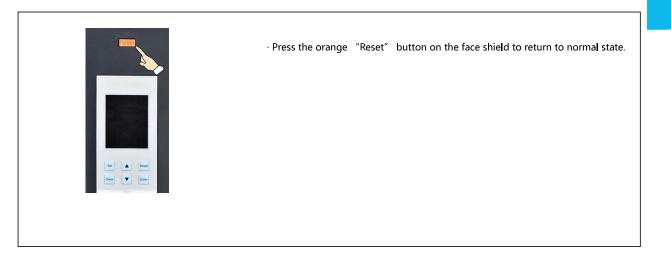
The mechanism components should be free of fracture and damage, and the fasteners are fastened. Clear the dust and evenly apply oil onto the rotating components.



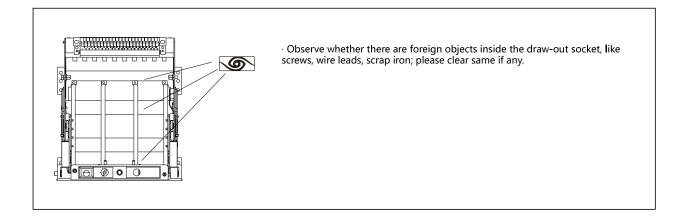
16.2.4.3 Intelligent controller (taking NA1-2000 type M type controller as an example) Parameter setting should conform to the site use requirement.



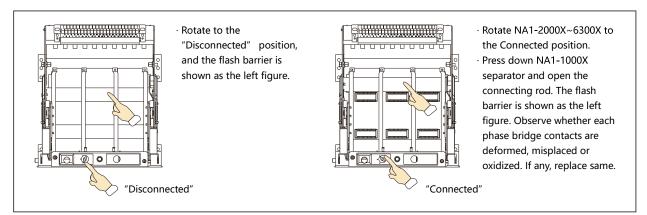




16.2.4.4 Drawer set inspection (conduct the test after removing the body, taking NA1-2000X as an example) There are no foreign objects inside.

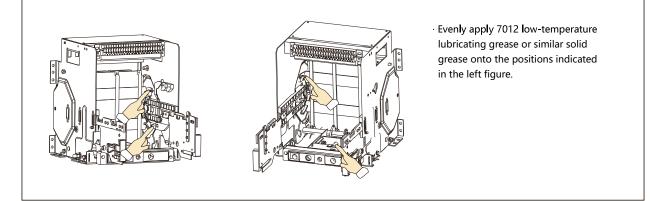






The flash barrier opening or closing is normal, and the spacing contact has no deformation or oxidization.

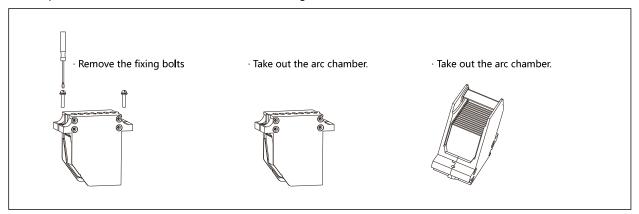
Rotate the friction positions and apply oil evenly.



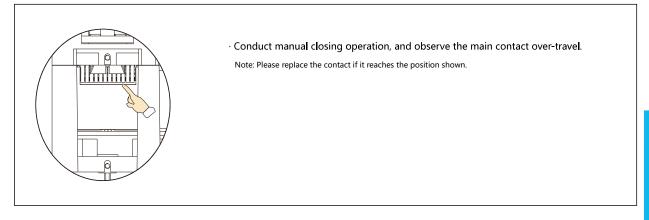
16.2.4.5 Arcing Chamber (taking NA1-2000X~6300X as an example)

Each arc and arcing chambers are not broken. If any, please promptly replace same and clear inside dust, corrosion layer and arc discharge point. In case of serious corrosion or rust, please promptly conduct replacement.

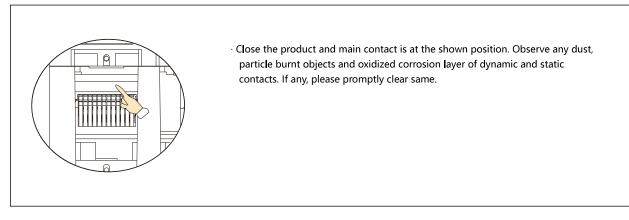
Note: Inspection must be done after short-circuit current breaking.



16.2.4.6 Required main contact (taking NA1-2000X~6300X as an example) over-travel ≥ 2mm.



Clear dust, corrosion layer and particle burnt objects.



Note: Inspection must be done after short-circuit current breaking.

16.2.4.7 Secondary circuit inspection

No shell damage.

Inspect the contact between the draw-out body secondary circuitand drawer set secondary circuit using the multimeter. At the "Test" or "Connection" position, the contacts are in good contact, and the connecting screws are fastened, and the conductor insulation has no damage.

- 16.3 Replacement of undervoltage release, shunt release and closed electromagnet accessories. The following operations must be executed before replacing the accessories. Cut off all power supplies and ensure the main circuit and secondary circuit power supplies are uncharged. The circuit breakers are in the discharging opening state.
- 16.3.1 Replacement of fixed accessoriesRemove the panel fixing bolts and dismantle the panel.Untie the tape and remove the connecting conductor.Remove the fixed accessory mounting screws.Dismantle the accessories and replace same.





Note: The shunt release should be first dismantled before replacing the NA1-2000 undervoltage release.



- 16.3.2 Replacement of draw-out accessories
 - Rotate the body to the detachment position and remove the body.
 - Remove the panel fixing bolts and dismantle the panel. Untie the tape and remove the connecting conductor. Remove the fixed accessory mounting screws.
 - Dismantle the accessories and replace same.
- Note: The shunt release should be first dismantled before replacing the NA1-2000 undervoltage release.



The shunt ease is charged or not

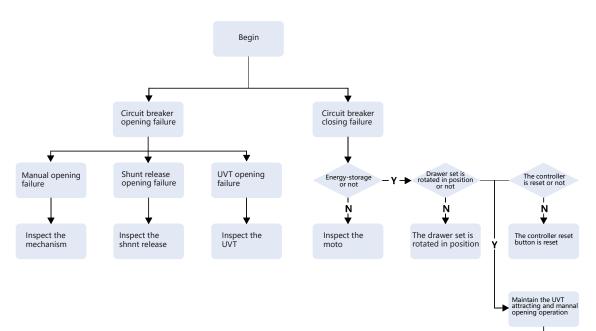
Inspect the shunt release

commection

Opening or not

Inspect the UVT and closed electromagnet

17. Common Failure Causes and Solutions 7.1 Troubleshooting logic



Inspect the interlocking device

Inspect the mechanism

Inspect items:

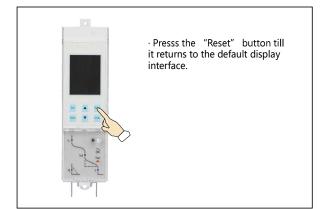
- 1. The connection line is normnal or nor.
- 2、The connection voltage conforms to the

requirement or not.

3、The components are damaged or not. please replace the damaged components

17.2 Faulty tripping analysis (taking NA1-2000X M as an example) Failure cause identification The failures are identified through the intelligent controller

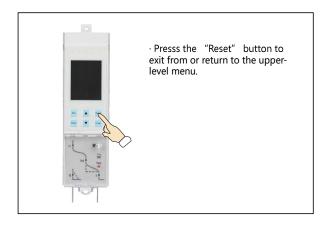
indication.





 \cdot Press the "Check" button to enter the query menu interface;

Press the "Enter" button to enter the failure query menu interface; press the " \checkmark " and select the failure record frequency to be viewed, and press the "Enter" button again to query the failure details.



Note: The electrical closing operation is forbidden before troubleshooting.

18. Regular malfunction and solutions

Fault description	Reasons analysis	Maintenance method
	Over load tripping (Ir indicator flashing)	 Check the breaking current value and operation time of intelligent release. Analyze the load and electric network, exclude the overload if it happens. Match the actual operating current with long time-delay current setting value. Press the reset button to reclose the breaker
	Short circuit tripping ("Isd" or "Ii" indicator flashing)	 Check the breaking current value and operation time of intelligent release. Exclude the short circuit fault if it happens Check the setting value of intelligent release Check the normal state of breaker Press the reset button to reclose the breaker
Tripping of circuit breaker	Earthing fault tripping (IG indicator flashing)	 Check the breaking current value and acting time of intelligent release. Exclude the earthing fault if that happens. Match the fault current setting value with the actual protection. Press the reset button to reclose the breaker.
	Under-voltage release fault: 1. Rated working voltage is less than 70%Ue 2. Fault of control unit	 Check the power is on or not Check the power voltage of under-voltage release, it shouldn't be less than 85%Ue. Replace the control unit of under-voltage release
	Mechanical interlock acting	Check the working state of two circuit breakers fixed with mechanical interlock
	Intelligent release don't reset (panel is raised)	Press the reset button to reclose the breaker
The breaker can't be	Secondary circuit of drawerout- type breaker isn't connected	Make the breaker to "making" position ("click" sound will be heard)
closed	Breaker hasn't stored energy	Check the secondary circuit: 1. Power voltage of motor shouldn't less than 85%Ue. 2. Check the storage mechanism, replace it if necessary.
	Mechanical interlock acting leads to locking of breaker	Check the working state of two circuit breakers fixed with mechanical interlock
The breaker can't be closed	Closing electromagnet: 1.Rated control voltage is less than 85%Us; 2.Closing electromagnet is damaged	 Power voltage of closing electromagnet shouldn't less than 85%Us. Replace the electromagnet.
Tripping after closing the circuit breaker (Fault indicator flashing)	Tripping immediately: 1. Short circuit current is closed 2.Delay tripping because of transient current is high when closing; 3. Overload current is closed	 Check the breaking current value and operation time of intelligent release; Exclude the short circuit fault if it happens; Exclude overload fault Check the normal state of breaker Modify the current setting value of intelligent release Press the reset button to reclose the breaker
	The breaker can't be opened manually 1. There is fault with mechanical operating mechanism	1. Check the mechanism, if there is fault happened.
Circuit breaker can't be opened	The breaker can't be opened by motor remotely 1. There is fault with mechanical operating mechanism 2. Power voltage of shunt release is less than 70%Us; 3. Shunt release is damaged	 Check the mechanism, if there is fault happened. Check the Power voltage of shunt release is less than 70%Us or not Replace shunt release

Fault description	Reasons analysis	Maintenance method	
	Manual storage can't be realized	Mechanical fault with the energy-storage device	
Circuit breaker can't store energy	Motor storage can't be realized 1. Power voltage of motor energy-stored device is less than 85%Us; 2. There is mechanical fault with energy-storage device	 Power voltage of motor energy-stored device shouldn't less than 85%Us Mechanical fault with the energy-storage device 	
Handle of drawerout- type circuit breaker can't be drawn in or out	 There is padlock at the "opening" position Slideway or breaker body isn't pulled into its position 	1. Take away the padlock 2. Pull the slideway or breaker body into its position	
Drawerout-type breaker can't be drawn out at the "opening" position	 Handle isn't pulled out Breaker is not totally at the "opening" position 	1. Pull out the handle 2. Keep the circuit breaker totally at "opening" position	
Drawerout-type breaker can't reach the "making" position	 Something drop into the drawer base, and lock the mechanism or mechanism fault happens. Breaker body not match with the frame -size rated current of drawer base 	1. Check and clean the drawer base, or contact with manufacturer 2. Match the body with relevant drawer base	
No display on intelligent release	 Release isn't connected with power There is fault with release 	 Check the power is connected or not Cut off the power, then connect again. Otherwise contact with manufacturer 	
panel	Rated control voltage is less than 85%Us;	Check the electromagnet power voltage shouldn't be less than 85%Us.	
Fault indicator still flashing after pressing the Reset button	Fault happened with intelligent release	Cut off the power, then connect again. Otherwise contact with manufacturer	

NA1-1000X~6300X Ordering specification

Quantity: Model		D NA1-1000X	□ NA1-2000X □ NA1-2000XN □ NA1-20	000XH 🗆	NA1-3200X D NA1-3200XN	NA1-4000X	D NA1-6300X D NA1-6300X	
Rated current In (A)		□ 200 □ 400 □ 630 □ 800 □ 1000	□ 630 □ 800 □ 1000 □ 1250 □ 1600 □ 2000		2000 🗆 2500 3200		□ 4000 □ 5000 □ 6300(no four poles)	
Installation mode		Drawout type Fixed type (Note: no fixed type when In> 4000A)						
Number of poles		Three poles Four poles						
		Protection function A				Auxiliary functions	Optional function	
Intelligent Controller	M type Standard (Default configuration)	 □ Ir overload long delay, Isd short-circuit short delay inverse time + definite time, Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection □ Ir overload long delay, Isd definite time short-circuit short delay,Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection 				1. Ammeter		
	3M type Multifunctional (Optional configuration)	time + definite ti grounding 4-sect 2. □ Ir overload long	r overload long delay, Isd short-circuit short delay inverse ne + definite time, li transient short-circuit, lg single-phase punding 4-section protection r overload long delay, Isd definite time short-circuit short lay,li transient short-circuit, lg single-phase grounding 4-section otection			function 2. Self-diagnostic function 3. Tuning function 4. Test function 5 Display function	 Active power display Load monitoring 	
	3H-type Communication type (Optional configuration)	 Ir overload long delay Isd short-circuit short delay inverse time +definite time Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection Ir overload long delay, Isd definite time short-circuit short delay, Ii transient short-circuit, Ig single-phase grounding 4-section protection with PROFIBUS-DP communication protocol with MODBUS communication protocol 					function Note: For the specific optional function, refer to List of controller functions in the sample (The cost of optional functions will be calculated additionally).	
	Notes:	Ir long delay current setting range: (0.4 to 1) In ! Conventional factory tuning: overload long delay 1.0In Overload 1.5Ir action time setting range: 15,30,60 480s ! Conventional factory tuning: overload 1.5Ir; action 15s						
	Protection function Settable	Isd short delay current setting range: (1.5 to 15) lr; short delay action time (0.1 ~ 0.4) s [Note: 3M, 3H for (1.5 to 15) lr]						
	range and conventional factory tuning	li instantaneous current setting range: 1.5ln ~ 50kA/65kA/75kA ! Conventional factory tuning: 12ln [Note: 3M, 3H for (1.5ln~50kA/65kA/75kA)						
		Ig earthing protection current setting range: (0.2 to 0.8) In; the earthing protection time setting range: (0.1to0.4)s ! Conventional factory setting: 0.5 In; OFF						
	Controller power					(Optiona	al)	
Electrical accessories	Under voltage release	AC110V, □ AC220/230V, □ AC380/400V, □ Order V, □ Non-undervoltage Helped & instantaneous □ Helped & delay s (Inm ≥ 2000A, 1 s, 3 s, 5 s, non-adjustable); self-priming & instantaneous □ self-priming & delay s (Inm ≥ 2000A, 0.3 s~7.5 s,adjustable); Note: Inm=1000A no Helped priming type, delay time 1 s, 3 s, 5 s, 7 s,non-adjustable.					(No AC110V	
	Shunt release	□ intermittent (only for Inm ≥ 2000A and default) □ $AC110V$, $\Box AC220/230V$, $\Box AC380/400$			/, □ DC110V, □ DC22	0V for NA1-1000X)		
	Closing electromagnet				/, □ DC110V, □ DC22	0V		
	Electric motor	□ AC110V, □ AC220/230V, □ AC380/400V, □ DC110V, □ DC220V						
Special requirements	Interlock device (surcharge)	Mechanical linkage: Link interlock Coptional Coptional Coptional Coptional Coptional Coptional					(Optional)	
		Key lock: 🛛 1 lock 1 key 🗆 2 locks 1 key 🗆 3 locks 1 key 🗆 3 locks 2 keys 🗆 5 locks 3 keys 🗆 Special custom_lock_ key						
	Accessories	External transformer: 🗆 External N phase transformer [(3P+N)T type						
							(Optional)	
		Module: PSU-1 Power module RU-1 relay module ST-DP protocol converting module Position signaling devices (Connected Test Unconnected) Mechanical counting device						
	The main circuit	□ Horizontal connection (default) □ Vertical connection (with L vertical bus-bar)						
	connection	 □ Rotation busbar horizontal connection (Drawer In ≤ 3200) □ Rotation busbar vertical connection (drawer-type In ≤ 3200) 					(Optional)	

Note: The casing current, rated current and auxiliary control voltage must be specified when ordering!? Note: 1) Please mark "\" or fill figure in the relative " "" if no mark, we will provide according to conventional. Note: 2) The operational fuction of the intellgent controller and special requirements require additional costs. Tel::0577-62877777-6213 Fax:0577-62877777-6288?











NA1-6300X

NA1-3200X

NA1-2000X

NA1-1000X

Configuration instructions

- 1. NA1-2000X~6300X fundamental configurations
 - a. Motor-driven: Under-voltage instantaneous release; Shunt release;
 - Closing electromagnet; 4 suits of transform contact;

 - Motor driven operating mechanism;
 - M-type Intelligent Controller;
 - Horizontal wiring of main circuit;
 - Doorcase;
 - Element of main circuit;
 - Operating instructions of M-type Intelligent Controller Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker; Packing box;
 - Drawer seat (Drawout type)

b. Manual:

- Under-voltage instantaneous release; 4 suits of transform contact; M-type Intelligent Controller; Horizontal wiring of main circuit; Doorcase; Element of main circuit; Operating instructions of M-type Intelligent Controller Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker; Packing box; Drawer seat(Drawout type)
- 3. NA1-2000X~6300X operational configuration (additional costs)
 - Nonadjustable under voltage delayed release (1s, 3s, 5s); Connecting-rod type mechanical interlock (for drawout type); Wire-cable mechanical interlock; Button lock; Key lock; Door interlock'Locking device;
 - External current transformer earthing protection; Vertical busbar;
 - Rotating busbar (IN \leq 3200);
 - 3NO (normal open) and 3NC (normal close) contacts; 4NO and 4NC contacts; 5 groups changeover contacts; 3 groups changeover contacts; H type intelligent controller; Position signal; Counter; Protecting cover (NA1-2000); Double power controller.

2. NA1-1000X fundamental configurations

a. Motor-driven:
Under-voltage instantaneous release;
Shunt release;
Closing electromagnet;
Motor driven operating mechanism;
4 normal open and 4 normal close auxiliary contacts;
M-type Intelligent Controller;
Closing and breaking push button lock;
Horizontal wiring of main circuit;
Doorcase;
Element of main circuit;
Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker;
Packing box;
Drawer seat(Drawout type)

C

b. Manual:

- Under-voltage instantaneous release; 4 normal open and 4 normal close auxiliary contacts; M-type Intelligent Controller; Horizontal wiring of main circuit; Closing and breaking push button lock; Doorcase; Element of main circuit; Operating instructions of Air Circuit Breaker; Packing box; Drawer seat(Drawout type)
- 4. NA1-1000X operational configuration (additional costs) Under voltage delayed release; wire-cable mechanical interlock; key lock; External current transformer earthing protection; Vertical busbar; 6 groups changeover contacts;
 - H type intelligent controller; Phases barrier, position signal